

Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool May 2021 Operational Report Actuarial Highlights

Related Bulletin: F2021-046 NS RSP May 2021 Operational Report

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ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RSP Nova Scotia

OPERATIONAL REPORT

MAY 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	L Summary						
			nedule (Fiscal Year 2021)				
	1.2		on				
	1.3 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model						
	1.4	• •	n of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation				
	1.5		ision Summary				
2	Acti		ious valuation implementation				
	2.1		emium and Claims Activity				
		2.1.a Actual	vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium	7			
			Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense				
		2.1.c AvsP:	Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense	10			
	2.2	Actuarial Pro	visions	12			
3	Ultin	nate Loss Rati	o Matching Method	13			
4	Cale	ndar Year-to-I	Date Results	13			
5	Curr	ent Operation	al Report – Additional Exhibits	14			
6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						



1 Summary

Note to members: this is the quarterly Actuarial Highlights we will release going forward to replace the monthly Actuarial Highlights. The next report will be available for reporting month August 2021 in September 2021, in line with the valuation implementation schedule. Please contact us with any questions or concerns in regards to this matter.

1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2021)

The May 2021 Operational Report incorporates the results of an updated valuation (as at March 31, 2021) – the impact of the implementation of the valuation is discussed in section 1.2. The following table summarizes the valuation implementations scheduled for fiscal year 2021.

	Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool Fiscal Year 2021 – Schedule of Valuations								
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Operational Report	Description of Changes						
Sep 30, 2020 (completed)	0.19% mfad ¹ 25 bp	Oct. 2020	update valuation (roll-forward): accident year 2020 loss ratio <u>in</u> creased 0.2 points to 87.7%; discount rate <u>de</u> creased 4 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Dec. 31, 2020 (completed)	0.22% mfad 25 bp	Mar. 2021	update valuation: accident year 2020 loss ratio decreased 9.4 points to 78.3% and accident year 2021 loss ratio decreased 8.1 points to 91.3%; discount rate increased 3 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Mar. 31, 2021 (completed)	0.69% mfad 25 bp	May 2021	update valuation (roll-forward): accident year 2021 loss ratio <u>de</u> creased 0.8 points to 90.5%; discount rate <u>in</u> creased 47 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Jun. 30, 2021	% mfad bp	Aug. 2021	update valuation:						
Sep. 30, 2021	% mfad bp	Oct. 2021	update valuation (roll-forward):						

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2021, the off-half valuation quarters ending March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather roll-forward key assumptions from the previous valuation.

¹ The selected interest rate margin is limited to reducing the selected discount rate to 0%; the approach is that if the net impact is negative, the discount rate will be capped at 0%.



1.2 New Valuation

A valuation of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool ("RSP") as at March 31, 2021 has been completed since last month's Operational Report and the results of that valuation have been incorporated into this month's Report. The valuation was completed by the Facility Association's internal actuarial group in conjunction with, and approved by, the Appointed Actuary, under the hybrid model for actuarial services.

The valuation implementation impact is summarized in the following two tables, where the abbreviations PAYs refers to prior accident years, CAY refers to the current accident year (2021), and Prem Def refers to premium deficiency / deferred acquisition costs impacts.

Summary of Impact (\$000s) of Implementing Result of Valuation as at Mar. 31, 2021²

NS	unfav / (fav) for the month and ytd					
		IMPA	ACT in \$000s	from change	s in:	
	ults &	payout patt	erns	dsct rate	margins	
	Nominal	apv adj.	sub-tot	apv adj.	apv adj.	TOTAL
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
PAYs	115	15	130	(586)	-	(456)
CAY	(157)	(19)	(176)	(221)	-	(397)
Prem Def	(137)	62	(75)	(257)	-	(332)
TOTAL	(179)	58	(121)	(1,064)	-	(1,185)

As indicated in the preceding table, the incorporation of the new valuation had an estimated **\$1.2 million favourable impact** on the month's net result from operations, subtracting an estimated 1.5 points (see following table) from the **year-to-date Combined Operating Ratio** to end at **66.4%**.

Summary of Impact (% YTD EP) of Implementing Result of Valuation as at Mar. 31, 2021

NS	ytd EP	79,302	(actual)			
		MPACT unf	av / (fav) as %	6 ytd EP from	changes in:	
	ults &	payout pat	terns	dsct rate	margins	
	Nominal	apv adj.	sub-tot	apv adj.	apv adj.	TOTAL
	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
PAYs	0.1%	-	0.2%	(0.7%)	-	(0.6%)
CAY	(0.2%)	-	(0.2%)	(0.3%)	-	(0.5%)
Prem Def	(0.2%)	0.1%	(0.1%)	(0.3%)	-	(0.4%)
TOTAL	(0.2%)	0.1%	(0.2%)	(1.3%)	-	(1.5%)

The impact of the **nominal changes** is shown in column [1] of the two preceding summary tables. The change in the selected nominal ultimates was **favourable by \$0.2 million** overall. This reflects the impact attributable to the changes in the selected ultimate loss ratios (i.e. for each accident year, it is the product of life-to-date earned premium for the accident year and the change in the selected

²In these tables, "PAYs" refers to prior accident years, "CAY" refers to the current accident year, and "Prem Def" refers to the provision for premium deficiency or the deferred policy acquisition asset (as applicable). "Nominal" refers to changes excluding any actuarial present value adjustments, whereas "apv adj." refers to actuarial present value adjustments.

The columns under the heading "ults & payout patterns" reflect the impact of changes in the valuation selected ultimates and claims payment patterns (i.e. based on unchanged selection of discount rates and margins for adverse deviation). The column "dsct rate" reflects the impact of the change in the selected discount rate and the column "margins" reflects the impact of any changes in selected margins for adverse deviations.



ultimate loss ratio).

The **PAYs** overall showed a **\$0.1** million <u>unfavourable</u> nominal variance or 0.2% of the PAYs nominal unpaid balance of \$50.8 million determined at the end of last month (February 2021), driven by <u>unfavourable</u> claims development.

The CAY and premium deficiency impacts are a result of the change in the selected loss ratio for accident year **2021** (decreased 0.8 points to 90.5%). This change is driven by lower than expected claims costs year to date, as claims frequency continues to be reduced as a result of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic.

The impacts related to actuarial present value ("apv") adjustments are split into the impact prior to any change in the selected discount rate and selected margins for adverse deviations or "MfADs" (at the level they were selected i.e. coverage and accident half-year), the impact of then updating the discount rate, and finally the impact of any changes to the MfADs (at the level they were selected). The changes in actuarial present value adjustments are shown in the preceding summary tables in columns [2], [4], and [5].

Column [2] recognizes that changing the nominal selections also changed the unpaid estimates (including changes to the relative mix by government line, which had an impact on the weighted-average MfADs). It also reflects the fact that we updated the projected emergence of claims payments, resulting in a change in the projected cash flows. These changes generated an unfavourable change of \$0.1 million in the actuarial present value adjustments, prior to any changes in the selected discount rate and/or MfADs.

Updated projected cash flows were reviewed against the selected risk-free yield curve, derived from Government of Canada benchmark bond yields monthly series using values for March 2021. Column [4] accounts for the change in the **discount rate** selected (<u>in</u>creased 47 basis point to **0.69%**), indicating a favourable impact of \$1.1 million. The impact *related only to claims liabilities* (i.e. PAYs plus CAY) was \$0.8 million at May 2021 – this compares to the \$0.5 million change one would estimate as the impact by interpolation using the interest rate sensitivity table provided in last month's Actuarial Highlights.

Column [5] accounts for any changes to selected MfADs. The selected **investment rate MfAD** was **left unchanged at 25 basis points** and the selected **claims development MfADs** at the coverage and accident year level were also left unchanged (as per our usual practice, development margins are reviewed with the June 30 valuation).

Consideration was given to recent legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation as outlined in section 1.4.

1.3 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

The Annual General Meeting of the members of Facility Association ("FA") appointed Mr. Cosimo Pantaleo as the Appointed Actuary at its meeting on March 4, 2021.

Facility Association operates under a hybrid model in relation to the management and provision of actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's



internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as needed.

1.4 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation

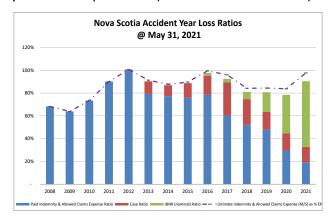
There have been no changes in these descriptions since last Highlights.

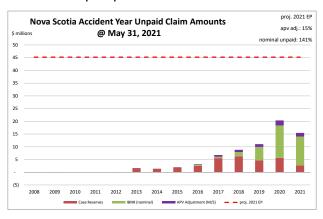
Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent (i.e. within the last five years) changes are provided below.

The **Nova Scotia Court of Appeal** confirmed, in a unanimous decision released on **January 18, 2019** in relation to **Sparks v Holland** (**2019 NSCA 3**), that future Canada Pension Plan (CPP) disability benefits are deductible from future income loss awards in motor-vehicle accident claims in that province. Sparks sustained injuries as a result of a motor vehicle accident in Nova Scotia and sought damages for personal injuries and loss of income. The decision supported an earlier decision (Tibbets v Murphy, 2017 NSCA 35) that both past and future CPP disability benefits are deductible under section 133A of the Insurance Act. At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates as a result of this decision, and at this point we do not believe this judgment will have a further impact on our valuation results.

1.5 Current Provision Summary

The following charts show the current levels of claim liabilities³ booked by accident year. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount of 2021 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.





"M/S" refers to "Member Statement" values – that is, actuarial present value adjustments at the selected discount rate.

The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$6.8 million – see the following table)

³Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.



represents 15% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2021 (see the upper right corner of the right chart above). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

claim liabilities (\$000s)		
	amt	%
case	32,017	45.3%
ibnr	31,910	45.1%
M/S apv adjust.	6,764	9.6%
M/S total	70,691	100.0%

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the majority of the claim liabilities for this RSP is in case reserves. Approximately 75% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2020 and 2021 (see Exhibit B).

Approximately 88% of the M/S total claim liabilities are related to accident years 2017-2021 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years), and just over 0% is related to accident years 2011 and prior (i.e. prior to the most recent 10 accident years).

The following tables summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities (\$0	000s)		policy liabilities (\$000s)				
	amt	%		amt	%		
unearned prem	21,027	98.6%	claim	63,927	69.5%		
prem def/(dpac)	(1,444)	(6.8%)	premium	19,583	21.3%		
M/S apv adjust.	1,737	8.1%	M/S apv adjust.	8,501	9.2%		
M/S total	21,320	100.0%	M/S total	92,011	100.0%		

2 Activity since previous valuation implementation

2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The following table summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report⁴.

	Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Pro	piected Summary: Recorde	d Transaction Amounts (S	\$ thousands)
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AY Group	Share Year	Share Month	Actual Earned Premium (000s)	Actual minus Projected Earned Premium (000s)	Actual Paid Claims (000s)	Actual minus Projected Paid Claims (000s)	Actual Recorded Claims (000s)	Actual minus Projected Recorded Claims (000s)
PAY	2021	April	(18)	(18)	696	(30)	378	(222)
		May	(11)	(11)	1,008	266	283	(160)
PAY Total			(29)	(29)	1,704	236	661	(382)
CAY	2021	April	4,047	(192)	1,051	(109)	1,679	(348)
		May	3,784	(635)	632	(334)	853	(746)
CAY Total			7,831	(827)	1,683	(443)	2,532	(1,094)
Grand Total			7,802	(856)	3,387	(207)	3,193	(1,476)

(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are

⁴There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.



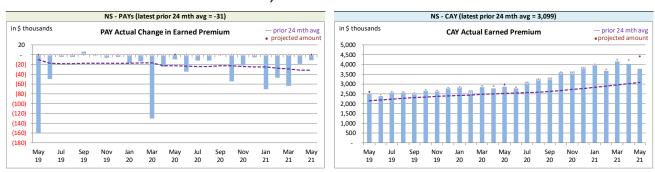
anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation), and this is particularly true where volumes are low as found in this RSP. Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. The variances are also reviewed as part of the quarterly valuation process, as an indicator of changes in the claims development process or potential bias in ultimate claims estimates.

More detailed analysis and commentary on actual vs. projected for the most recent reporting months is provided below.

2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The following charts show actual **earned premium**⁵ activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual Earned Premium by Calendar Month



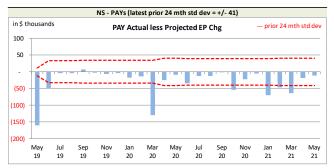
Earned premium changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels generally occur at the beginning of each year.

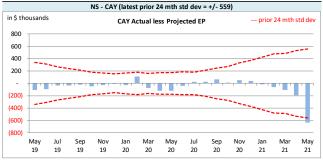
The associated variance between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the following charts. **Earned premium** change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept **earned premium** changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being significant for our purposes, but it does mean that the actual less projection variance will equal the actual **earned premium** change in relation to prior accident years.

⁵Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs. Projected Summary: Earned Premium Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest	\$ thousands	
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(31)	3,099
std dev	41	559
A-P <> std dev	7	1
% <> std dev	28.0%	4.0%
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%
performance vs 24-mth avg:	no better	better

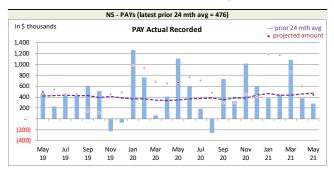
We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium balances and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias⁶, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to monthly premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has

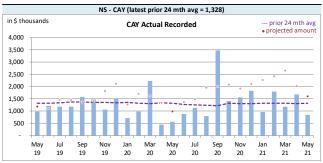
also shown bias⁷, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and while we modified our projections processes in response, bias still exists. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to address the bias issue, but it is not currently deemed as priority.

2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The following charts show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.







Recorded activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection

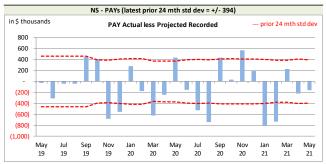
⁶The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

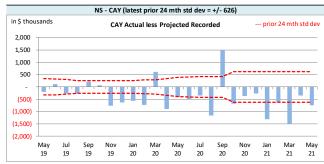
⁷We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (25 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The rolling 25-month CAY variances at May 2021 has only 7 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 8 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.



compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands				
Recorded	PAYs	CAY		
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	476	1,328		
std dev	394	626		
A-P <> std dev	11	16		
% <> std dev	44.0%	64.0%		
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%		
performance vs 24-mth avg:	worse	worse		

With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in

relative or overall terms. That said, 44% of prior accident years' (PAYs) **recorded** variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **recorded** amounts (see the preceding table), suggesting the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (9 of 25 variances are positive).

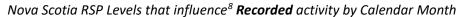
The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 64% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see preceding table on the left), suggesting that the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. We are considering ways to improve our projection process as a result, but efforts so far have fallen short. Bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (5 of 25 variances are positive).

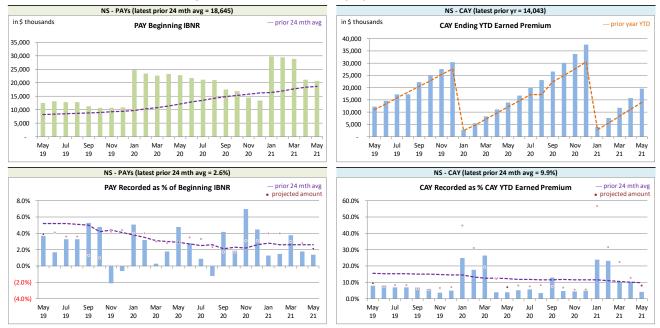
The CAY **recorded** variance was outside of the one standard deviation band this month (see preceding chart on the right). The lower than projected recorded activity was reviewed, and attributed to process variance.

The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the increase in the level of PAY beginning IBNR. Part of this will be as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November), and part will also reflect the maturity level of the RSP.







We track PAY beginning IBNR as **recorded** activity comes out of IBNR. Changes in the PAY beginning IBNR (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual recorded activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

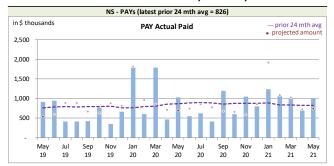
2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

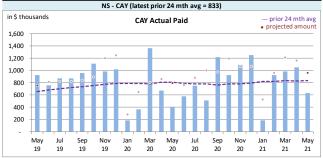
The following charts show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁸Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



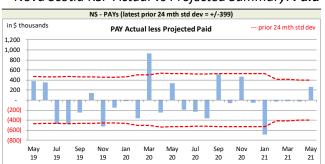
Nova Scotia RSP Actual Paid by activity Calendar Month

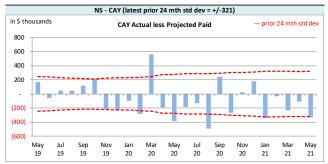




Paid activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Paid Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$thousands					
Paid	PAYs	CAY			
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	826	833			
std dev	399	321			
A-P <> std dev	5	8			
% <> std dev	20.0%	32.0%			
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%			
performance vs 24-mth avg:	better	no better			

With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in relative or

overall terms. That said, 20% of the prior accident years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **paid** amounts (see preceding table on the left), suggesting the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (8 of 25 variances are positive).

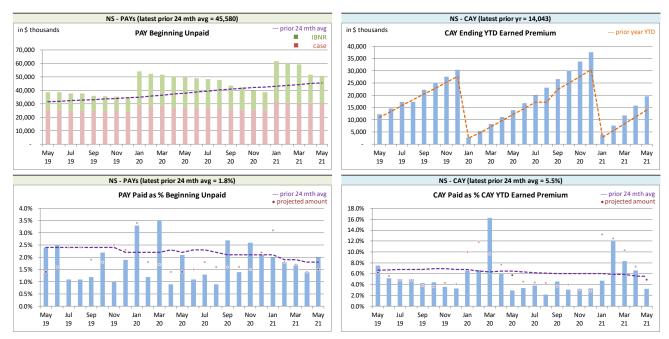
The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 32% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see the preceding table), suggesting that the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (9 of 25 variances are positive).

The CAY **paid** variance was just outside of the one standard deviation band this month (see preceding chart on the right). The lower than projected recorded activity was reviewed, and attributed to process variance.



We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **paid** activity. Both case and IBNR increases contribute to the increase of PAY beginning unpaid. This is somewhat expected, given the maturity level of the RSP.

Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁹ **Paid** activity by Calendar Month



We track the PAY beginning unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity comes out of the unpaid balance. Changes in the PAY beginning unpaid balance (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.2 Actuarial Provisions

An ultimate loss ratio matching method (described in section 3) was used to determine the month's IBNR¹⁰, and factors were applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and

⁹Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

¹⁰For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the current month's provisions and projections were based on the applicable valuation.

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate loss¹¹ ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The following table summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses 12, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes not only the earned premium associated with the current accident year, but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 91.5% rather than 90.5% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2021), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Nova Scotia RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

¹¹"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

¹²Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Nova Scotia RSP Calendar Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense Summary (\$ thousands)

Table 04	YTD Nominal Values		YTD actuarial pr adjustm		YTD To	tal	Change from P YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	(6,689)	(34.4%)	(1,870)	(9.6%)	(8,559)	(44.0%)	(579)	6.8%
CAY	17,810	91.5%	1,422	7.3%	19,232	98.8%	3,386	(2.1%)
TOTAL	11,121	57.1%	(448)	(2.3%)	10,673	54.8%	2,807	4.7%

("% EP" based on 2020 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium, and due to the impact of valuation implementation.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages, and due to the impact of valuation implementation.

5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios detailed in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).



6 **EXHIBITS**

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT B IBNR

EXHIBIT C Premium Liabilities

EXHIBIT D Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

EXHIBIT E Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

EXHIBIT F Interest Rate Sensitivity

EXHIBIT G Components of IBNR Change During Month



EXHIBIT A

IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A	Amounts in \$000s									
IBNR + M/S actuarial present	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	
value adjustments	Year	Apr. 2021	May. 2021	Jun. 2021	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021	Sep. 2021	Oct. 2021	Dec. 2021	
	2008	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	
	2009	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
	2010	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
	2011	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
	2012	(19)	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	
	2013	137	136	135	133	131	131	127	125	
	2014	120	115	114	112	111	110	107	105	
	2015	186	118	116	113	111	110	108	106	
discount rate	2016	331	630	623	614	608	594	581	555	
0.69%	2017	1,415	1,229	1,199	1,179	1,161	1,112	1,092	1,032	
	2018	2,579	2,612	2,550	2,509	2,466	2,410	2,370	2,260	
interest rate margin	2019	7,182	6,345	6,197	5,982	5,812	5,650	5,589	5,237	
25 basis pts	2020	14,826	14,701	14,280	13,995	13,713	13,558	13,295	12,559	
	2021	10,230	12,763	15,121	17,448	18,746	19,644	20,343	20,930	
	TOTAL	37,003	38,674	40,360	42,110	42,884	43,343	43,636	42,933	
	Change	_	1,671	1,686	1,750	774	459	293		

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT B

IBNR

TABLE EXHIBIT B		Amounts in \$000s										
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected		
:	Loss Ratio	Year	Apr. 2021	May. 2021	Jun. 2021	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021	Sep. 2021	Oct. 2021	Dec. 2021		
	68.2%	2008	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)		
	63.8%	2009	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5		
	73.4%	2010	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
	90.1%	2011	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
	100.7%	2012	(23)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
	90.3%	2013	(14)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)		
	86.8%	2014	(6)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)		
	88.4%	2015	(32)	(45)	(45)	(45)	(45)	(44)	(43)	(41)		
	97.7%	2016	61	367	363	359	355	344	337	317		
	92.4%	2017	670	544	528	517	507	492	483	464		
	81.0%	2018	1,590	1,721	1,669	1,636	1,603	1,555	1,524	1,450		
	80.8%	2019	5,910	5,251	5,114	4,920	4,772	4,629	4,583	4,272		
	78.5%	2020	12,580	12,725	12,343	12,096	11,854	11,735	11,500	10,820		
	90.5%	2021	8,898	11,341	13,431	15,510	16,516	17,143	17,573	17,677		
		TOTAL	29,643	31,910	33,409	34,999	35,568	35,860	35,963	34,965		
		Change	·	2,267	1,499	1,590	569	292	103			

Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT C

Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C			,	Amounts in \$00	00s			
Premium Liabilities	Actual Apr. 2021	Actual May. 2021	Projected Jun. 2021	Projected Jul. 2021	Projected Aug. 2021	Projected Sep. 2021	Projected Oct. 2021	Projected Dec. 2021
(1) unearned premium (UP)	24,053	21,027	22,106	23,810	23,985	23,774	23,384	18,491
FOR MEMBER SHARING								
(2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	102.5%	101.4%	102.2%	103.0%	103.8%	104.7%	105.6%	107.5%
(3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)}(4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy	24,650	21,320	22,585	24,524	24,901	24,880	24,685	19,886
acquisition cost)	597	293	479	714	916	1,106	1,301	1,395
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments								
(5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	93.3%	93.1%	93.8%	94.6%	95.4%	96.1%	97.0%	98.8%
(6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)}(7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy	22,452	19,583	20,744	22,526	22,872	22,852	22,672	18,265
acquisition cost)	(1,601)	(1,444)	(1,362)	(1,284)	(1,113)	(922)	(712)	(226)



EXHIBIT D

Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2021, broken down by component.

Nova Scotia	Projected Balances as at Dec. 31, 2021 (\$000s)									
ending 2021	nominal values									
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL
2008	-	(3)	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	60	5	65	-	-	7	-	7	7	72
2010	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	58	3	61	(1)	-	6	-	6	5	66
2013	1,379	(4)	1,375	(14)	6	138	(1)	137	129	1,504
2014	1,143	(2)	1,141	(11)	5	114	(1)	113	107	1,248
2015	1,650	(41)	1,609	(18)	6	161	(2)	159	147	1,756
2016	2,282	317	2,599	(29)	10	260	(3)	257	238	2,837
2017	4,588	464	5,052	(61)	20	616	(7)	609	568	5,620
2018	5,760	1,450	7,210	(101)	36	887	(12)	875	810	8,020
2019	4,501	4,272	8,773	(149)	53	1,079	(18)	1,061	965	9,738
2020	5,362	10,820	16,182	(324)	113	1,990	(40)	1,950	1,739	17,921
PAYs (sub-total):	26,783	17,288	44,071	(708)	249	5,258	(84)	5,174	4,715	48,786
CAY (2021)	14,388	17,677	32,065	(705)	257	3,784	(83)	3,701	3,253	35,318
claims liabilities:	41,171	34,965	76,136	(1,413)	506	9,042	(167)	8,875	7,968	84,104
	Unearned Premium	Premium Deficiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*
premium liabilities:	18,491	(226)	18,265	(342)	126	1,873	(36)	1,837	1,621	19,886
						*	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	ovs apply to future	costs within UPR
policy liabilities:			94,401	(1,755)	632	10,915	(203)	10,712	9,589	103,990



EXHIBIT E

Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2021 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Mar. 31, 2021)

Accident	Third Party	Accident	Other	Total
Year	Liability	Benefits	Coverages	
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2014	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2015	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2016	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2017	12.5%	10.0%	12.5%	12.2%
2018	12.5%	10.0%	9.5%	12.3%
2019	12.5%	10.0%	9.4%	12.3%
2020	12.5%	10.0%	8.5%	12.3%
2021	12.4%	10.0%	5.4%	11.8%
2022	12.1%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%
prem liab	12.1%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%

discount rate: 0.69% margin (basis points): 25



EXHIBIT F

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2021 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are to Dec. 31, 2021, and are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (0.69%), the prior valuation assumption (0.22%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (0.19%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Format: \$000s

	Act	uarial Present \	/alue of Provisi	ons at Various	Discount Rates	- Dec. 31, 2021	projected Unp	aid
AY	0.00%	0.19%	0.69%	1.19%	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	51	51	50	50	50	50	51	51
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2012	47	47	47	46	46	45	47	47
2013	956	955	949	943	936	930	955	955
2014	810	810	805	799	794	789	810	810
2015	1,521	1,521	1,509	1,497	1,485	1,473	1,520	1,521
2016	2,128	2,128	2,113	2,096	2,080	2,064	2,128	2,128
2017	5,182	5,180	5,141	5,098	5,055	5,013	5,180	5,180
2018	7,565	7,561	7,493	7,418	7,345	7,272	7,561	7,561
2019	9,890	9,885	9,776	9,657	9,540	9,426	9,885	9,885
2020	18,645	18,635	18,395	18,137	17,882	17,634	18,633	18,635
2021	37,396	37,373	36,842	36,269	35,708	35,164	37,369	37,373
Total	84,191	84,146	83,120	82,010	80,921	79,860	84,139	84,146
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption				assumption	assumption
			Dollar Im	npact Relative t	o Valuation Ass	umption		
AY	0.00%	0.19%	0.69%	1.19%	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
Total	1,071	1,026	-	(1,110)	(2,199)	(3,260)	1,019	1,026
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption				assumption	accumption
						;	assumption	assumption
			Percentage	Impact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption	assumption	assumption
AY	0.00%	0.19%	Percentage 0.69%	Impact Relativ 1.19%	e to Valuation /	Assumption 2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
AY 2007	0.00%	0.19%		 			`	
	0.00%	0.19% - -		 			`	
2007	0.00%	0.19% - - - 2.0%		 			`	
2007 2008	-	-		 			0.22% - -	0.19%
2007 2008 2009	-	-		 			0.22% - -	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010	-	-		 			0.22% - -	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	-	-		1.19%	1.69% - - - - -	2.19%	0.22% - -	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	2.0%	2.0% - - - -		1.19%	1.69% (2.1%)	2.19%	0.22% - - 2.0% - -	0.19% - - 2.0% - -
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	2.0%	2.0% 		1.19%	1.69%	2.19% - - - - - (4.3%) (2.0%)	0.22% - - 2.0% - - - 0.6%	0.19% - - 2.0% - - - 0.6%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	2.0% 	2.0% 		1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%)	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	2.0% 	2.0% 2.0% 		1.19% (2.1%) (0.5%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%)	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	2.0% 	2.0% 2.0% 0.6% 0.6% 0.7% 0.8% 0.9%		(2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%)	1.69% (2.1%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.6%) (2.0%)	2.19% (4.3%) (2.0%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.9%)	0.22% 2.0% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% 0.9%	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	2.0% 	2.0% 		1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%)	1.69% (2.1%) (1.4%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (2.0%) (2.4%)	2.19% (4.3%) (2.0%) (2.0%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.9%) (3.6%)	0.22%	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	2.0% 	2.0% 	0.69%	1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.4%)	1.69%	2.19% (4.3%) (2.0%) (2.0%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.9%) (3.6%) (4.1%)	0.22%	0.19% 2.0%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	2.0% 	2.0% 		1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.4%) (1.6%)	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	2.0% 	2.0%	0.69%	1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.88) (0.88) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.3%)	1.69% (2.1%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.4%) (2.8%) (3.1%) (2.6%)	2.19% (4.3%) (2.0%) (2.0%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.9%) (4.1%) (4.6%) (3.9%)	0.22%	0.19% 2.0% 0.6% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7% 0.8% 1.1% 1.3% 1.4% 1.2%
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2018 2019 2020	2.0% 	2.0% 	0.69%	1.19% (2.1%) (0.6%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.4%) (1.6%)	1.69%	2.19%	0.22%	0.19%



EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2

Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change (April 2021 to May 2021)

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Discounted

M/S IBNR - in \$000s

AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
prior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	(19)	-	(1)	29	28	(147.4%)	9
2013	141	(3)	(6)	4	(5)	(3.5%)	136
2014	124	(2)	2	(9)	(9)	(7.3%)	115
2015	194	(5)	(89)	18	(76)	(39.2%)	118
2016	326	(8)	155	157	304	93.3%	630
2017	1,377	(55)	20	(113)	(148)	(10.7%)	1,229
2018	2,749	(92)	(119)	74	(137)	(5.0%)	2,612
2019	7,489	(273)	(441)	(430)	(1,144)	(15.3%)	6,345
2020	14,853	(782)	816	(186)	(152)	(1.0%)	14,701
2021	7,904	4,955	301	(397)	4,859	61.5%	12,763
Grand Total	35,154	3,735	638	(853)	3,520	10.0%	38,674



EXHIBIT G

Page 2 of 2

Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change (April 2021 to May 2021)

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Undiscounted

IBNR - in \$000s

AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
prior	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2002	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	(23)	-	(1)	27	26	(113.0%)	3
2013	(13)	-	(5)	14	9	(69.2%)	(4)
2014	(3)	-	1	-	1	(33.3%)	(2)
2015	(25)	-	(48)	28	(20)	80.0%	(45)
2016	56	(2)	150	163	311	555.4%	367
2017	628	(39)	12	(57)	(84)	(13.4%)	544
2018	1,735	(65)	(86)	137	(14)	(0.8%)	1,721
2019	6,178	(244)	(411)	(272)	(927)	(15.0%)	5,251
2020	12,596	(693)	747	75	129	1.0%	12,725
2021	6,882	4,278	338	(157)	4,459	64.8%	11,341
Grand Total	28,020	3,235	697	(42)	3,890	13.9%	31,910