

ALBERTA GRID RISK SHARING POOL

FEBRUARY 2019 OPERATIONAL REPORT

ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Related Bulletin: F19-022 Alberta RSPs February 2019 Operational Reports

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ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RSP ALBERTA GRID

OPERATIONAL REPORT

FEBRUARY 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Sum	mary		2
			1 Schedule (Fiscal Year 2019)	
	1.2		d Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model	
	1.3		ation of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation	
	1.4	Current P	Provision Summary	3
2	Acti	vity Durin	ng the Month of February 2019	4
			Premium and Claims Activity	
		2.1.a A	ctual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium	5
		2.1.b A	vsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense	6
		2.1.c A	vsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense	10
	2.2	Actuarial	Provisions	12
3	Ulti	mate Loss	Ratio Matching Method	14
4	Cale	endar Yea	r-to-Date Results	14
5	Cur	rent Oper	ational Report – Additional Exhibits	14
6	EXI	IBITS		15



1 Summary

1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2019)

The February 2019 Operational Report leverages actuarial assumptions consistent with last month (that is, it does not reflect the results of an updated valuation). The table immediately below summarizes the implemented valuations and future scheduled valuations for fiscal year 2019.

	ALBERTA GRID RISK SHARING POOL FISCAL YEAR 2019 – SCHEDULE OF VALUATIONS										
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Operational Report	Description of Changes								
Sep. 30, 2018 (completed)	2.28% mfad 25 bp	Oct. 2018	updated valuation (roll forward): accident year 2018 loss ratio <u>de</u> creased 2.0 points to 89.8%; discount rate <u>in</u> creased by 41 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations								
Dec. 31, 2018		Mar. 2019	update valuation:								
Mar. 31, 2019		May 2019	update valuation (roll forward)								
Jun. 30, 2019		Aug. 2019	update valuation								
Sep. 30, 2019		Oct. 2019	update valuation (roll forward)								

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2019, the "off-half" valuation quarters ending March 31, 2019 and September 30, 2019 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather "roll-forward" key assumptions from the previous valuation.

1.2 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

Liam McFarlane of Ernst & Young LLP is Facility Association's Appointed Actuary (effective as of June 1, 2013).

Facility Association operates under a "hybrid" model in relation to the management and provision of actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as needed.

1.3 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation¹

There have been no changes in these descriptions since last month's Highlights.

Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation /

¹This link is to a helpful guide on how bills become laws: <u>http://www.ontla.on.ca/lao/en/media/laointernet/pdf/bills-and-lawmaking-background-documents/how-bills-become-law-en.pdf</u>.



regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent changes are provided below.

In the Alberta Treasury Board and Finance Notice 04-2018 (Clarification of Minor Injury Regulation), dated May 17, 2018, the Alberta Superintendent of Insurance advised that clarifying amendments have been made to the definition of minor injuries under the Minor Injury Regulation (MIR). With the <u>most recent</u> valuation (September 30, 2018), reform adjustments related to changes in the definition of minor injuries under the MIR, were included with the updated industry trend analysis (completed using industry data as at December 31, 2017), impacting the selection of ultimates.

The **Supreme Court of Canada** rendered its judgment on **Saadati v Moorhead** (2017 SCC 28, **rendered on June 2, 2017**). Saadati was involved in a collision in July of 2005 in British Columbia and sued the at-fault driver for damages. According the Supreme Court decision, "*The trial judge found that the … accident caused S[aadati] psychological injuries, including personality change and cognitive difficulties. …and awarded S[aadati] \$100,000 for non-pecuniary damages.*" The trial decision was appealed to the BC Court of Appeal where the trial's \$100,000 non-pecuniary award was dismissed. The Supreme Court upheld the \$100,000 non-pecuniary award, determining:

- "A finding of legally compensable mental injury need not rest, in whole or in part, on the claimant proving a recognized psychiatric injury."
- "...a trier of fact adjudicating a claim of mental injury is not concerned with diagnosis, but with symptoms and their effects."
- "Expert evidence can assist in determining whether or not a mental injury has been shown, but where psychiatric diagnosis is unavailable, it remains open to a trier of fact to find on other evidence adduced by the claimant that he or she has proven on a balance of probabilities the occurrence of mental injury."

At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates or views based on the judgment as rendered, and at this point we do not believe this judgment will have a further impact on our valuation results.

The Minister of Treasury Board and Finance issued Ministerial Order 14/2018, on October 31, 2018, which states unless otherwise directed by the Minister, the AIRB may not approve filings from insurers for cumulative rate increases on private passenger vehicles greater than +5.0% during the period between December 1, 2018 and August 31, 2019. At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates or views based on this order.

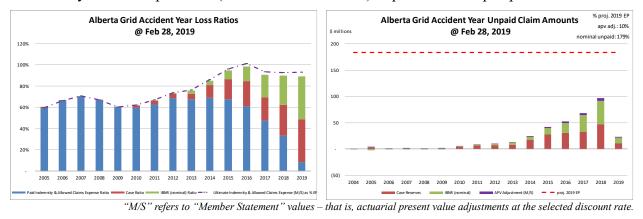
1.4 Current Provision Summary

The charts at the top of the next page show the current levels of claim liabilities² booked by accident year³. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount

²Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.

³Accident year 2004 was an incomplete year and therefore has been excluded from the loss ratio chart.





of 2019 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.

The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$18.9 million – see table immediately below) represents 10% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2019 (see the upper right corner of the right chart above). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

claim liabilities (\$000s)							
	amt	%					
case	199,078	57.5%					
ibnr	128,371	37.1%					
M/S apv adjust.	18,922	5.5%					
M/S total	346,371	100.0%					

..

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the majority of the claim liabilities for this RSP is in case reserves. Approximately 43% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2018 and 2019 (see Exhibit B). Approximately 82% of the M/S total claim

liabilities are related to accident years 2015-2019 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years), and approximately 1% is related to accident years 2009 and prior (i.e. prior to the most recent 10 accident years).

The tables immediately below summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities (\$	000s)		policy liabilities (\$000)s)	
	amt	%		amt	%
unearned prem	85,037	107.0%	claim	327,449	76.9%
prem def/(dpac)	(8,958)	(11.3%)	premium	76,079	17.9%
M/S apv adjust.	3,399	4.3%	M/S apv adjust.	22,321	5.2%
M/S total	79,478	100.0%	M/S total	425,849	100.0%

2 Activity During the Month of February 2019

2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The table at the top of the next page summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report⁴.

⁴There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.



Table 01	Earned P	Premium	Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense		Case increase / (decrease)		Recorded increase / (decrease)	
Accident	Actual less		Astual	Actual less	Astual	Actual less		Actual less
Year	Actual Proje	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	(2)	(2)	1,910	(1,225)	649	2,468	2,559	1,243
2017	(47)	(47)	849	(457)	(284)	698	564	240
2018	(455)	(455)	2,399	(2,332)	(1,839)	1,067	560	(1,265)
2019	12,757	71	1,647	(784)	6,403	1,127	8,051	343
TOTAL	12,253	(433)	6,806	(4,798)	4,928	5,359	11,734	561

Alberta Grid RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Transaction Amounts (\$ thousands)

(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation). Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. Commentary from our review is provided in the sub-sections that follow.

2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The charts immediately below show actual **earned premium**⁵ activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.



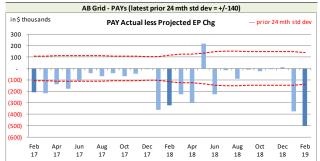


Earned premium changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels generally occur at the beginning of each year.

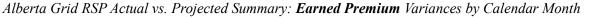
The associated variances between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the charts at the top of the next page. **Earned premium** change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept earned premium changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being significant for our purposes, but it does mean that the actual less projection variance will equal the actual **earned premium** change in relation to prior accident years.

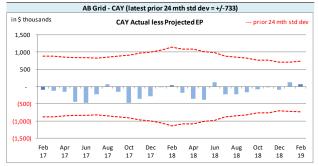
⁵Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.





On Latest \$ thousands								
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY						
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(118)	13,138						
std dev	140	733						
A-P <> std dev	12	-						
% <> std dev	48.0%	0.0%						
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%						





We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias⁶, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to monthly

premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has also shown bias⁷, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and while we modified our projections processes in response, bias still exists. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to narrow monthly variance levels further, but it is not currently deemed a priority.

It is not unusual for PAYs earned premium levels in January and February to be negative, and January 2019 levels were similar to January 2018 although February 2019 had magnitudes of impact greater than February 2018, reflecting activity taken by certain member companies in response to audit activity / findings.

2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

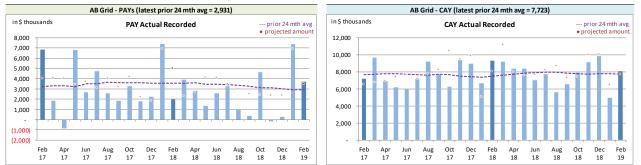
The charts at the top of the next page show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁶The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

⁷We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (24 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The 24-month variances at February 2019 has only 5 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 7 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.

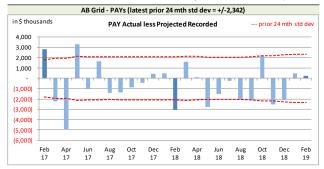


Alberta Grid RSP Actual **Recorded** by Calendar Month

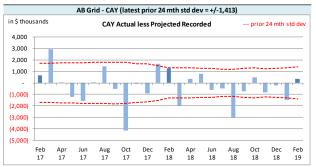


Recorded activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts immediately below, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Alberta Grid RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month



On Latest \$ thousands								
Recorded	PAYs	CAY						
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	2,931	7,723						
std dev	2,342	1,413						
A-P <> std dev	9	6						
% <> std dev	36.0%	24.0%						
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%						



With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, 36% of the prior accident years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **recorded** amounts (see table on left), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting

the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 24% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see table above), suggesting that the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

We note that there may have been a change in the levels of CAY **recorded** and **paid** activity relative to year-to-date **earned premium**, as evidenced by the average of monthly ratios over the past several years shown in the tables at the top of the next page. These tables show, in each row, the average monthly ratio for each calendar year. That is, each row in the left table (as at Dec) provides the average of the 12 monthly-ratios (i.e. Jan, Feb, ... Dec) for that row's calendar year, whereas each row in the right table provides the February ratios for that row's calendar year.



In particular, the <u>*left*</u> table below (showing average monthly ratios for each calendar year), the 2018 average **recorded** ratio at 14.9% was the 2^{nd} highest ratio over the last 10 years, but the 2018 **paid** ratio at 5.3% was consistent with the immediately prior 5 years. These ratios overall may indicate a change in levels at around 2013/2014, to more elevated levels⁸.

In contrast, the <u>*right*</u> table below (showing year-to-date ratios at Feb for each calendar year), there is statistically significant difference in the recorded ratio and the paid ratio over the periods 2009-2013 vs 2014-2019 at the 5% confidence level, although there has been a decline in both ratios at February 2019 from February 2018.

CAY avg of mt	CAY avg of mt	CAY avg of mthly ratios for yr							
as at	Rec'd	yr-on-yr chg	Paid	yr-on-yr chg	as at	Rec'd	yr-on-yr chg	Paid	yr-on-yr chg
Dec 2009	11.5%		4.4%		Feb 2009	28.3%		4.5%	
Dec 2010	10.9%	(0.6%)	4.5%	0.1%	Feb 2010	25.4%	(2.9%)	5.3%	0.8%
Dec 2011	12.8%	1.9%	4.8%	0.3%	Feb 2011	31.6%	6.2%	4.9%	(0.4%)
Dec 2012	12.4%	(0.4%)	4.7%	(0.1%)	Feb 2012	28.6%	(3.0%)	5.2%	0.3%
Dec 2013	12.6%	0.2%	4.8%	0.1%	Feb 2013	31.2%	2.6%	4.9%	(0.3%)
Dec 2014	13.8%	1.2%	5.3%	0.5%	Feb 2014	30.7%	(0.5%)	5.4%	0.5%
Dec 2015	14.4%	0.6%	5.5%	0.2%	Feb 2015	35.2%	4.5%	6.0%	0.6%
Dec 2016	14.0%	(0.4%)	5.4%	(0.1%)	Feb 2016	31.0%	(4.2%)	6.3%	0.3%
Dec 2017	15.5%	1.5%	5.6%	0.2%	Feb 2017	42.1%	11.1%	6.5%	0.2%
Dec 2018	14.9%	(0.6%)	5.3%	(0.3%)	Feb 2018	41.6%	(0.5%)	7.3%	0.8%
					Feb 2019	32.7%	(8.9%)	5.3%	(2.0%)

Alberta Grid RSP year-to-date CAY claims activity (ratio to EP)

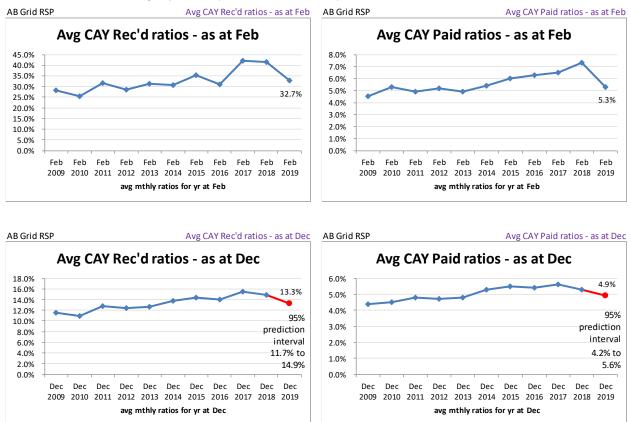
There has been very strong (90%) correlation between the ytd monthly average **recorded** ratios and strong (78%) correlation between the ytd monthly average **paid** ratios at February each year and the corresponding ytd monthly average ratios at December, suggesting the February **recorded** ratio is predictive of where the 2019 ytd monthly average **recorded** ratios will be at year-end (that is, the 12 monthly ratios Jan 2019 – Dec 2019). Using simple regression and ignoring that there may be an underlying change in ratios at around 2013/2014, we forecast the average of the 12 monthly ratios for calendar year 2019 (i.e. the average of the monthly ratios for Jan 2019 – Dec 2019) will be 13.3% (95% prediction interval of 11.7% to 14.9%) for **recorded** and 4.9% (95% prediction interval of 4.2% to 5.6%) for **paid**. The results are presented in charts at the top of the next page.

⁸A two-sample t-test of means for 2009-2013 vs 2014-2018 for both recorded and paid ratios result in p-values below 5%, such that we would then <u>reject</u> the hypothesis that the means are <u>not</u> different. That is, there would be less than a 5% probability of randomly having the size of differences in the mean ratios for 2009-2013 vs 2014-2018 if the ratios really are from the same overall distribution. Put another way, we have statistical evidence that the mean ratios for the period 2009-2013 and 2014-2018 are different (but not absolute proof that they are different).

The same applies to the year-to-date levels, although the latter period ends at 2019, not 2018.



Alberta Grid RSP average of monthly CAY claims activity ratios to EP

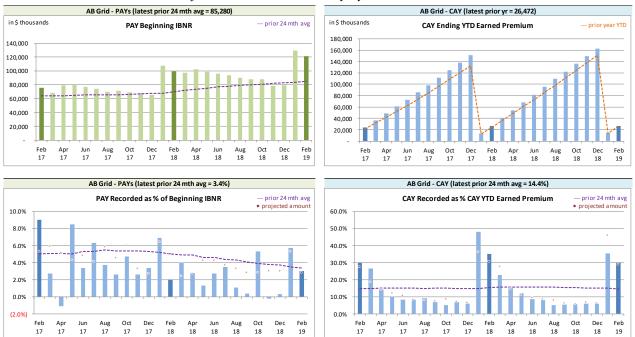


We are taking this information into consideration as part of our projection process.

The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the changes in the level of PAY beginning IBNR over the months, as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November).





Alberta Grid RSP Levels that influence⁹ Recorded activity by Calendar Month

We track beginning prior accident years' IBNR as **recorded** activity "comes out of" IBNR. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning IBNR (see upper left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **recorded** activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The charts at the top of the next page show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁹Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



Alberta Grid RSP Actual **Paid** activity by Calendar Month

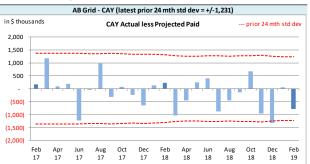


Paid activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts immediately below, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Alberta Grid RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Paid Variances by Calendar Month

			AB G	rid - PA	Ys (late	est prior	24 mth	std dev	/=+/-1	,756)			
in\$tho	usands			PA	Y Actu	ual less	Projec	ted Pai	d	-	prior 2	4 mth st	td dev
3,000	1												
2,000													
1,000 -							Ĺ.,						
1,000)								-					
2,000)													_
3,000)	+												
4,000)													
5,000)													
	Feb 17	Apr 17	Jun 17	Aug 17	Oct 17	Dec 17	Feb 18	Apr 18	Jun 18	Aug 18	Oct 18	Dec 18	Fe 19

On Latest S	On Latest \$ thousands						
Paid	PAYs	CAY					
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	7,234	3,831					
std dev	1,756	1,231					
A-P <> std dev	9	1					
% <> std dev	36.0%	4.0%					
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%					



With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense, 36% of the prior accident years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **paid** amounts (see table on left), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average

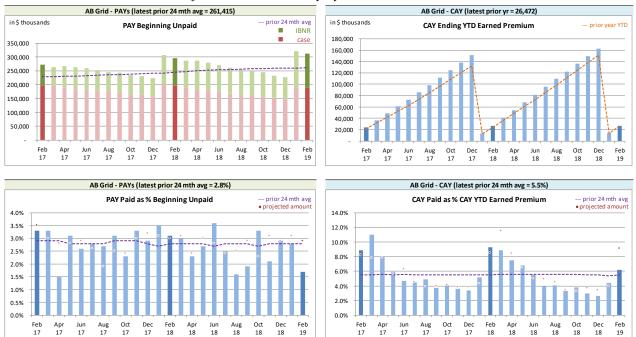
amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

The PAY **paid** variance was outside of one standard deviation this month. The activity was reviewed and confirmed, with the variance attributed to process variance.

The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances fell outside one standard deviation 4% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see table above), suggesting the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing **paid** activity.





Alberta Grid RSP Levels that influence¹⁰ **Paid** activity by Calendar Month

We track beginning prior accident years' unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity "comes out of" the unpaid balance. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning unpaid balance (see upper left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.2 Actuarial Provisions

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" (described in section 3) is used to determine the month's IBNR¹¹, and factors are applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the projections and actuals were based on the applicable valuation. The table at the top of the next page summarizes variances in provisions included in this month's Operational Report and the associated one-month

¹⁰Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

¹¹For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



projections from last month's Report.

Table 02			actua	arial present v				
			Discount Amount		Provisions for Adverse		IBNR + actuarial present	
	IBNR		Discount	Deviations		ations	value adjustments	
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	41,092	(1,244)	(7,034)	(49)	16,178	123	50,236	(1,170)
2017	31,775	(283)	(3,928)	(25)	7,944	51	35,791	(257)
2018	44,653	856	(6,152)	(129)	10,837	227	49,338	954
2019	10,851	(280)	(1,468)	(58)	2,545	100	11,928	(238)
TOTAL	128,371	(951)	(18,582)	(261)	37,504	501	147,293	(711)

Alberta Grid RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: IBNR and APV Amounts (\$ thousands)

The IBNR provision is \$1.0 million lower than projected from last month, counterbalancing the recorded claims activity and adjusting for the earned premium variance impacts indicated in section 2.1.

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

The variances associated with (ii) above are discussed in sections 2.1.a and 2.1.b.

The table immediately below summarizes the variances in the provisions for premium deficiency liability / (deferred policy acquisition cost asset) included in this month's Operational Report and the one-month projections from last month's Report. This RSP is in a deferred policy acquisition cost asset position (shown as a negative amount) prior to and after actuarial present value adjustments. Actuarial present value adjustments decrease the asset value as the adjustments increase the expected future policy obligations (costs) associated with the unearned premium. The variances noted are mainly driven by the unearned premium variance.

Alberta Grid RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 03	Premium Deficiency / (Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs)		actuarial present value adjustments		Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) including actuarial present value adjustments	
	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
balance:	(8,958)	(32)	3,399	13	(5,559)	(19)
balance as % unearned premium:	(10.5%)	-	4.0%	-	(6.5%)	-
actual unearned premium:	85,037					
less projected:	324					



3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate $loss^{12}$ ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The table below summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses¹³, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes earned premium associated with the current accident year but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 92.1% rather than 89.1% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2019), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Alberta Grid RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

Table 04	YTD Nominal Values		YTD actuarial present value adjustment		YTD To	tal	Change from Prior Month YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	(789)	(3.0%)	464	1.8%	(325)	(1.3%)	(768)	(4.5%)
CAY	23,848	92.1%	1,077	4.2%	24,925	96.3%	11,850	0.4%
TOTAL	23,059	89.1%	1,541	6.0%	24,600	95.0%	11,082	(4.1%)

Alberta Grid RSP Calendar Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense Summary (\$ thousands)

("% EP" based on 2019 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages.

5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's

¹²"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

¹³Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios presented in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Alberta Grid Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).

6 EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT A	IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments
EXHIBIT B	IBNR
EXHIBIT C	Premium Liabilities
EXHIBIT D	Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities
EXHIBIT E	Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations
EXHIBIT F	Interest Rate Sensitivity
EXHIBIT G	Components of IBNR Change During Month



EXHIBIT A

IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A	Amounts in \$000s								
IBNR + M/S actuarial present value adjustments	Accident Year	Actual Jan. 2019	Actual Feb. 2019	Projected Mar. 2019	Projected Apr. 2019	Projected Dec. 2019			
value aujustments					•				
	2004	(71)	(71)	(71)	(71)	(71)			
	2005	(151)	(2,743)	(2,743)	(2,743)	(2,743)			
	2006	(89)	(90)	(88)	(84)	(56)			
	2007	(215)	(206)	(199)	(191)	(127)			
	2008	24	22	21	21	13			
	2009	(109)	(109)	(106)	(101)	(69)			
	2010	791	905	878	846	588			
	2011	1,885	1,721	1,669	1,607	1,116			
	2012	2,201	2,178	2,113	2,034	1,410			
	2013	5,165	5,117	4,964	4,772	3,289			
discount rate	2014	7,646	7,554	7,327	7,046	4,864			
2.28%	2015	13,738	14,155	13,267	12,796	9,141			
	2016	22,095	21,803	21,367	20,434	15,924			
interest rate margin	2017	36,455	35,791	35,076	34,102	28,070			
25 basis pts	2018	50,451	49,338	48,212	47,639	40,862			
·	2019	8,129	11,928	16,120	21,295	56,454			
	TOTAL	147,945	147,293	147,807	149,402	158,665			
	Change		(652)	514	1,595				

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT B

IBNR

TABLE EXHIBIT B				Amount	s in \$000s		
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
	Loss Ratio	Year	Jan. 2019	Feb. 2019	Mar. 2019	Apr. 2019	Dec. 2019
	51.6%	2004	(79)	(79)	(79)	(79)	(79)
	59.4%	2005	(198)	(2,790)	(2,790)	(2,790)	(2,790)
	66.3%	2006	(99)	(100)	(97)	(93)	(63)
	70.6%	2007	(280)	(270)	(262)	(252)	(171)
	67.1%	2008	(22)	(25)	(24)	(23)	(17)
	60.4%	2009	(154)	(154)	(149)	(143)	(98)
	61.9%	2010	480	601	583	560	382
	66.7%	2011	1,411	1,252	1,214	1,165	797
	73.5%	2012	1,645	1,628	1,579	1,516	1,037
	75.8%	2013	4,398	4,352	4,221	4,052	2,770
	85.2%	2014	6,276	6,212	6,026	5,785	3,954
	94.7%	2015	11,669	12,121	11,273	10,822	7,563
	98.6%	2016	18,605	18,344	17,977	17,078	13,099
	90.6%	2017	32,382	31,775	31,139	30,205	24,652
	89.8%	2018	45,622	44,653	43,760	43,322	37,226
	89.1%	2019	7,536	10,851	14,581	19,285	50,994
		TOTAL	129,192	128,371	128,952	130,410	139,256
		Change		(821)	581	1,458	

Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT C

Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C		Amount	s in \$000s		
- Premium Liabilities	Actual Jan. 2019	Actual Feb. 2019	Projected Mar. 2019	Projected Apr. 2019	Projected Dec. 2019
(1) unearned premium (UP)	86,519	85,037	87,630	91,223	107,980
FOR MEMBER SHARING					
(2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	93.4%	93.5%	93.5%	93.6%	95.1%
(3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)}	80,843	79,478	81,964	85,406	102,689
(4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy					
acquisition cost)	(5,676)	(5,559)	(5,666)	(5,817)	(5,291)
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments					
(5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	89.4%	89.5%	89.5%	89.6%	91.0%
(6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)}	77,383	76,079	78,457	81,751	98,294
(7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy acquisition cost)	(9,136)	(8,958)	(9,173)	(9,472)	(9,686)



EXHIBIT D

Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2019, broken down by component.

Alberta Grid	Projected Balances as at Dec. 31, 2019 (\$000s)											
ending 2019	nominal values				actuarial present value adjustments (apvs)							
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL		
2004	-	(79)	(79)	-	-	8	-	8	8	(71)		
2005	3,363	(2,790)	573	(10)	1	57	(1)	56	47	620		
2006	149	(63)	86	(2)	-	9	-	9	7	93		
2007	859	(171)	688	(25)	3	69	(3)	66	44	732		
2008	491	(17)	474	(17)	2	47	(2)	45	30	504		
2009	560	(98)	462	(17)	2	46	(2)	44	29	491		
2010	3,057	382	3,439	(138)	14	344	(14)	330	206	3,645		
2011	4,510	797	5,307	(212)	21	531	(21)	510	319	5,626		
2012	5,187	1,037	6,224	(249)	25	622	(25)	597	373	6,597		
2013	5,580	2,770	8,350	(317)	33	835	(32)	803	519	8,869		
2014	11,784	3,954	15,738	(661)	63	1,574	(66)	1,508	910	16,648		
2015	23,331	7,563	30,894	(1,514)	154	3,089	(151)	2,938	1,578	32,472		
2016	27,125	13,099	40,224	(2,172)	241	5,028	(272)	4,756	2,825	43,049		
2017	30,145	24,652	54,797	(3,343)	329	6,850	(418)	6,432	3,418	58,215		
2018	34,024	37,226	71,250	(4,774)	499	8,479	(568)	7,911	3,636	74,886		
PAYs (sub-total):	150,165	88,262	238,427	(13,451)	1,387	27,588	(1,575)	26,013	13,949	252,376		
CAY (2019)	58,397	50,994	109,391	(7,439)	766	13,018	(885)	12,133	5,460	114,851		
claims liabilities:	208,562	139,256	347,818	(20,890)	2,153	40,606	(2,460)	38,146	19,409	367,227		
	Unearned Premium	Premium Deficiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*		
premium liabilities:	107,980	(9,686)	98,294	(5,778)	588	10,186	(601)	9,585	4,395	102,689		
						•	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	ovs apply to future	costs within UPR		
policy liabilities:			446,112	(26,668)	2,741	50,792	(3,061)	47,731	23,804	469,916		



EXHIBIT E

Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2018 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Sep. 30, 2018)

Accident	Third Party	Accident	Other	Total
Year	Liability	Benefits	Coverages	Total
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2004	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2005	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2006	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	8.5%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	9.9%	10.0%
2014	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2015	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2016	12.5%	10.0%	12.5%	12.5%
2017	12.4%	10.0%	12.5%	12.5%
2018	12.2%	10.0%	8.2%	11.9%
2019	11.8%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%
prem liab	11.8%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%

discount rate: 2.28% margin (basis points): 25



EXHIBIT F

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2018 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are to Dec. 31, 2019, and are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (2.28%), the prior valuation assumption (1.87%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (1.76%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Format: \$000s

	Actuar	ial Present Va	lue of Provisio	ons at Various	Discount Rate	es - Dec. 31, 20	18 projected l	Jnpaid
Y	1.28%	1.78%	2.28%	2.78%	3.28%	3.78%	1.87%	1.76%
)4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	837	832	827	822	817	812	831	832
)6	255	253	251	249	247	245	252	253
7	1,249	1,240	1,230	1,221	1,212	1,203	1,238	1,240
08	1,192	1,182	1,173	1,163	1,154	1,146	1,180	1,182
)9	916	908	900	893	885	878	907	909
0	5,995	5,943	5,891	5,840	5,791	5,742	5,933	5,945
	7,863	7,793	7,725	7,659	7,594	7,530	7,781	7,797
	10,131	10,046	9,962	9,880	9,800	9,722	10,030	10,049
	14,396	14,262	14,130	14,001	13,876	13,751	14,237	14,267
	26,583	26,298	26,014	25,739	25,473	25,209	26,245	26,309
	43,967	43,445	42,925	42,423	41,938	41,458	43,345	43,464
	55,220	54,473	53,736	53,024	52,332	51,654	54,338	54,500
_	71,927	70,852	69,801	68,789	67,805	66,843	70,660	70,899
	104,823	103,231	101,676	100,169	98,718	97,302	102,946	103,299
	345,354	340,758	336,241	331,872	327,642	323,495	339,923	340,945
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption	-			assumption	assumption
			Dollar Imp	oact Relative t	o Valuation As	sumption		
	1.28%	1.78%	2.28%	2.78%	3.28%	3.78%	1.87%	1.76%
	9,113	4,517	-	(4,369)	(8,599)	(12,746)	3,682	4,704
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val assumption		curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp		prior fyr end assumption
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp			curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp		8° '
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption		curr + 100bp e to Valuation			8° '
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp 1.78%	assumption					8° '
_			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption	assumption	assumption
			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption	assumption	assumption
	1.28%	1.78%	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78%	e to Valuation 3.28%	Assumption 3.78%	assumption 1.87%	assumption
	1.28%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% 	e to Valuation 3.28% 	Assumption 3.78% 	assumption 1.87%	assumption 1.76%
	1.28% 	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% - (0.6%) (0.8%)	e to Valuation 3.28% - (1.2%) (1.6%)	Assumption 3.78% - (1.8%) (2.4%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4%	assumption 1.76% - 0.6% 0.8%
 	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%)	assumption 1.87% 	assumption 1.76% - 0.6% 0.8% 0.8%
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.6%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%)	assumption 1.87% 	assumption 1.76%
 	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.6% 1.8%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.8%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.8%	assumption
	1.28% 	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%) (1.7%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7%	assumption
 	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.9%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7%	assumption
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.7%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.8%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%	assumption
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.7% 1.9%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (2.7%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8%	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 1.0% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0%
— - — -	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.7% 1.9% 2.2%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (1.1%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.6%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%) (2.1%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (2.7%) (3.1%) (3.4%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.4% 0.6% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% 0.9%	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 1.0% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0% 1.0% 1.1%
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.9% 2.2% 2.4%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (1.1%) (1.2%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%) (2.1%) (2.3%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (2.7%) (3.1%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.9% 1.0%	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 1.0% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0% 1.0% 1.3%
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 2.2% 2.4% 2.8%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (1.1%) (1.2%) (1.3%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%) (2.1%) (2.3%) (2.6%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (3.1%) (3.4%) (3.9%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.8% 0.9% 1.0% 1.1%	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 1.0% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0% 1.0% 1.3% 1.4%
 	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 2.2% 2.4% 2.8% 3.0%	1.78% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (1.1%) (1.2%) (1.3%) (1.4%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.6%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%) (2.1%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.9%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (3.4%) (3.4%) (3.9%) (4.2%)	assumption 1.87% - 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.1% 0.1% 0.2% 0.1% 0.2% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.5% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.4% 0.5% 0.4% 0.4% 0.7% 0.4% 0.7% 0.4% 0.7% 0.4% 0.7% 0.4% 0.7% 0.4% 0.7% 0.	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0% 1.0% 1.3% 1.4% 1.6%
	1.28% 1.2% 1.6% 1.5% 1.6% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 1.8% 2.2% 2.4% 2.8% 3.0% 3.1%	1.78% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 0.9% 1.1% 1.2% 1.4% 1.5% 1.5%	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 2.78% (0.6%) (0.8%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (0.9%) (1.1%) (1.2%) (1.4%) (1.5%)	e to Valuation 3.28% (1.2%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.7%) (1.6%) (1.8%) (2.1%) (2.3%) (2.6%) (2.9%) (2.9%)	Assumption 3.78% (1.8%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.3%) (2.4%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.4%) (3.1%) (3.4%) (3.9%) (4.2%) (4.3%) (3.8%)	assumption 1.87% 0.5% 0.4% 0.7% 0.6% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 1.0% 1.2% 1.2%	assumption 1.76% 0.6% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 1.0% 0.9% 0.9% 1.0% 1.0% 1.3% 1.6% 1.6%

Page 21 of 23



EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2

M/S IBNR - in \$000s

Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change During Month

RSP Alberta Grid J AccountCode Desc IBNR - Discou J d

	Values						1
AccYear 💌	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2004	(71)	-	-	-	-	-	(71)
2005	(151)	-	(2,592)	-	(2,592)	1,716.6%	(2,743)
2006	(89)	3	(4)	-	(1)	1.1%	(90)
2007	(215)	5	4	-	9	(4.2%)	(206)
2008	24	-	(2)	-	(2)	(8.3%)	22
2009	(109)	3	(3)	-	-	-	(109)
2010	791	(23)	137	-	114	14.4%	905
2011	1,885	(56)	(108)	-	(164)	(8.7%)	1,721
2012	2,201	(66)	43	-	(23)	(1.0%)	2,178
2013	5,165	(154)	106	-	(48)	(0.9%)	5,117
2014	7,646	(230)	138	-	(92)	(1.2%)	7,554
2015	13,738	(392)	809	-	417	3.0%	14,155
2016	22,095	(594)	302	-	(292)	(1.3%)	21,803
2017	36,455	(407)	(257)	-	(664)	(1.8%)	35,791
2018	50,451	(2,067)	954	-	(1,113)	(2.2%)	49,338
2019	8,129	4,037	(238)	-	3,799	46.7%	11,928
Grand Total	147,945	59	(711)	-	(652)	(0.4%)	147,293



EXHIBIT G

Page 2 of 2

IBNR - in \$000s

Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change During Month

RSP Alberta Grid J AccountCode Desc IBNR - Undisc J nted

	Values						
AccYear 🗸	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2004	(79)	-	-	-	-	-	(79)
2005	(198)	-	(2,592)	-	(2,592)	1,309.1%	(2,790)
2006	(99)	3	(4)	-	(1)	1.0%	(100)
2007	(280)	8	2	-	10	(3.6%)	(270)
2008	(22)	1	(4)	-	(3)	13.6%	(25)
2009	(154)	5	(5)	-	-	-	(154)
2010	480	(14)	135	-	121	25.2%	601
2011	1,411	(42)	(117)	-	(159)	(11.3%)	1,252
2012	1,645	(49)	32	-	(17)	(1.0%)	1,628
2013	4,398	(132)	86	-	(46)	(1.0%)	4,352
2014	6,276	(188)	124	-	(64)	(1.0%)	6,212
2015	11,669	(350)	802	-	452	3.9%	12,121
2016	18,605	(558)	297	-	(261)	(1.4%)	18,344
2017	32,382	(324)	(283)	-	(607)	(1.9%)	31,775
2018	45,622	(1,825)	856	-	(969)	(2.1%)	44,653
2019	7,536	3,595	(280)	-	3,315	44.0%	10,851
Grand Total	129,192	130	(951)	-	(821)	(0.6%)	128,371