

# NOVA SCOTIA RISK SHARING POOL JUNE 2018 OPERATIONAL REPORT ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

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# **ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

# RSP NOVA SCOTIA

# OPERATIONAL REPORT JUNE 2018

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### 1 Summary

### 1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2018)

The June 2018 Operational Report leverages actuarial assumptions consistent with last month (that is, it does not reflect the results of an updated valuation). The table immediately below summarizes the implemented valuations and future scheduled valuations for fiscal year 2018.

Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool Fiscal Year 2018 – Schedule of Valuations								
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Description of Changes						
Sep. 30, 2017 (completed)	1.73% mfad: 25 bp	Oct. 2017	updated valuation (roll forward): accident year 2017 loss ratio increased 1.1 points to 93.2%; discount rate increased by 56 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Dec. 31, 2017 (completed)	1.73% mfad: 25 bp	Mar. 2018	update valuation: accident year 2018 loss ratio increased 1.2 points to 93.6%; no change to selected discount rate; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Mar. 31, 2018 (completed)	1.92% mfad: 25 bp	May 2018	update valuation (roll forward): accident year 2018 loss ratio increased 0.6 point to 94.2%; discount rate increased by 19 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Jun. 30, 2018		Aug. 2018	update valuation:					
Sep. 30, 2018		Oct. 2018	update valuation (roll forward):					

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2018, the "off-half" valuation quarters ending March 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather "roll-forward" key assumptions from the previous valuation.

### 1.2 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

Liam McFarlane of Ernst & Young LLP is Facility Association's Appointed Actuary (effective as of June 1, 2013).

Facility Association operates under a "hybrid" model in relation to the management and provision of actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as needed.

### 1.3 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation

There have been no changes in these descriptions since last month's Highlights.

proj. 2018 EP

apv adj.: 11%

ninal unpaid: 145%



Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent changes are provided below.

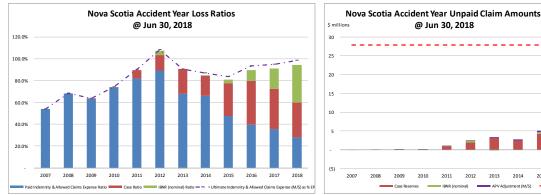
The **Supreme Court of Canada** rendered its judgment on **Saadati v Moorhead** (2017 SCC 28, rendered on Jun 2, 2017). Saadati was involved in a collision in July of 2005 in British Columbia and sued the at-fault driver for damages. According to the Supreme Court decision, "The trial judge found that the ... accident caused S[aadati] psychological injuries, including personality change and cognitive difficulties. ...and awarded S[aadati] \$100,000 for non-pecuniary damages." The trial decision was appealed to the BC Court of Appeal where the trial's \$100,000 non-pecuniary award was dismissed. The Supreme Court upheld the \$100,000 non-pecuniary award, determining:

- "A finding of legally compensable mental injury need not rest, in whole or in part, on the claimant proving a recognized psychiatric injury."
- "...a trier of fact adjudicating a claim of mental injury is not concerned with diagnosis, but with symptoms and their effects."
- "Expert evidence can assist in determining whether or not a mental injury has been shown, but where psychiatric diagnosis is unavailable, it remains open to a trier of fact to find on other evidence adduced by the claimant that he or she has proven on a balance of probabilities the occurrence of mental injury."

At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates or views based on the judgment as rendered, but we continue to review and consider the implications of the judgment.

### 1.4 Current Provision Summary

The charts immediately below show the current levels of claim liabilities<sup>1</sup> booked by accident year. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount of 2018 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.



"M/S" refers to "Member Statement" values - that is, actuarial present value adjustments at the selected discount rate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.



The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$3.0 million – see table immediately below) represents 11% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2018 (see the upper right corner of the right chart at the bottom of the previous page). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

claim liabilities (\$000s)		
	amt	%
case	30,014	69.1%
ibnr	10,417	24.0%
M/S apv adjust.	2,977	6.9%
M/S total	43,408	100.0%

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the largest component of the claim liabilities for this pool is case reserves. Approximately 78% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2017 and 2018 (see Exhibit B). Approximately 84% of the M/S

total claim liabilities are related to accident years 2014-2018 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years).

The tables immediately below summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities	(\$000s)		policy liabilities (\$000s)				
	amt	%		amt	%		
unearned prem	14,105	98.5%	claim	40,431	70.0%		
prem def/(dpac)	(531)	(3.7%)	premium	13,574	23.5%		
M/S apv adjust.	746	5.2%	M/S apv adjust.	3,723	6.4%		
M/S total	14.320	100.0%	M/S total	57.728	100.0%		

### 2 Activity During the Month of June 2018

### 2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The table immediately below summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report<sup>2</sup>.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Transaction Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 01	Earned Premium		Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense		Case increase / (decrease)		Recorded increase /	
							(decrease)	
Accident	Actual les		Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	A -+I	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	(0)	(0)	113	(121)	7	328	120	207
2016	(0)	(0)	59	(91)	(34)	1,129	25	1,038
2017	(9)	(9)	136	(78)	155	599	291	521
2018	2,311	(74)	768	(95)	438	(128)	1,207	(223)
TOTAL	2,301	(83)	1,077	(385)	566	1,928	1,643	1,543

(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation), and this is particularly true where volumes are low as found in this RSP. Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.

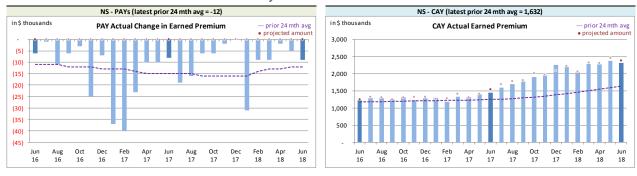


signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. Commentary from our review is provided in the sub-sections that follow.

### 2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The charts immediately below show actual **earned premium**<sup>3</sup> activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

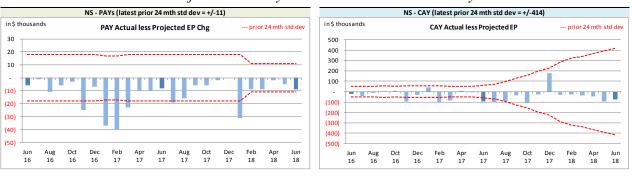
Nova Scotia RSP Actual Earned Premium by Calendar Month



**Earned premium** changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels seem to occur in January each year.

The associated variance between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the charts immediately below. **Earned premium** change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept **earned premium** changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being significant for our purposes, but it does mean that the actual less projection variance will equal the actual **earned premium** change in relation to prior accident years.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs. Projected Summary: Earned Premium Variances by Calendar Month



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.



On Latest		
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(12)	1,632
std dev	11	414
A-P <> std dev	6	5
% <> std dev	24.0%	20.0%
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%

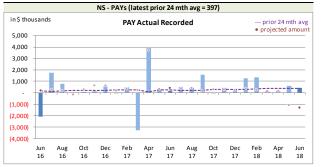
We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias<sup>4</sup>, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to

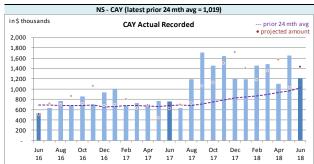
monthly premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has also shown bias<sup>5</sup>, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and we have modified our projections processes in response. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to narrow monthly variance levels further, but it is not currently deemed a priority. Projection variances have also been exacerbated by written premium variances, where our projections, based on information provided by larger RSP users, have been proven to be too high. Notwithstanding the projection misses, readers will also note the significant widening of the CAY standard deviation band, reflecting the recent and sustained volume increases and the impact as those increases are earned.

### 2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The charts immediately below show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual **Recorded** by Calendar Month





**Recorded** activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts at the top of the next page, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

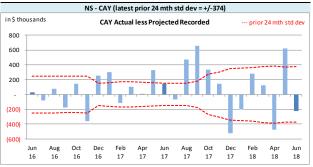
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (24 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The 24-month variances at June 2018 has only 5 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 7 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest	On Latest \$ thousands					
Recorded	PAYs	CAY				
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	397	1,019				
std dev	1,283	374				
A-P <> std dev	6	10				
% <> std dev	24.0%	40.0%				
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%				

With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look "unusual" and generate relatively "significant" variances that in nominal value terms are not that

significant. That said, for prior accident years' (PAYs) **recorded** variances (left chart above), 24% of variances in excess of one standard deviation suggests the projection process has performed better than simply projecting based on a 24-month average. No bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

As first noted in the May 2018 Actuarial Highlights, the PAY projected **recorded** activity was adjusted for the months of May and June 2018 to account for a member correction in recorded case reserve overstatement. The PAY **recorded** variance was outside of one standard deviation driven by adjustments made to the recorded projection, as FA expected the correction in recorded case reserve overstatement to happen this month, as previously advised by a member (see following sections for more details). As the correction did not go through during the current month, the PAY **recorded** activity was higher than the projected by more than one standard deviation. The member is still engaged in a process to correct the reported levels.

The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances (right chart above) have resulted in 40% of the last 24 months generating variances in excess of a 24-month standard deviation, suggesting the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting based on a 24-month average. We are considering ways to improve our projection process as a result. No bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

As noted in the last five month's Actuarial Highlights, FA management was notified on January 31, 2018 by a member of a potential recorded case reserve overstatement. Furthermore, during the latest valuation, FA management was advised of an additional and separate recorded case reserve understatement primarily due to incorrect reporting after FA's October 31, 2017 fiscal year end. Management investigated and estimated the overall overstatement for the Nova Scotia RSP as at March 31, 2018 as indicated in the table at the top of the next page.



Estimated case reserve overstatement as at Mar 31, 2018 overstatement / (understatement)

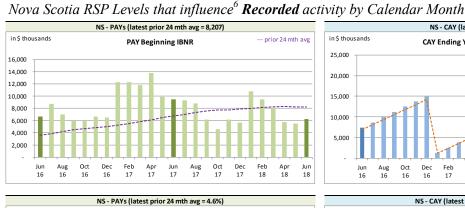
	, ,
Accident Year	Total Case Reserve Adjustment (\$'000s)
2012	36
2013	204
2014	42
2015	91
2016	583
2017	349
Total	1,305

With this valuation, prior accident years' ultimates selections have taken into account the member's overstatement (both the original amount as notified, and the subsequent amount, with the combination of the two being summarized in the table above). The member is still engaged in a process to correct the reported levels but we currently do not have a timeline on when this issue will be resolved.

The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

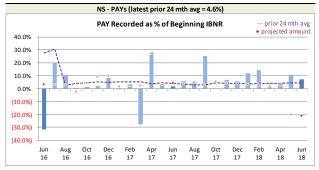
We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the increase in the level of PAYs beginning IBNR. Part of this will be as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November), and part will also reflect the maturity level of the RSP.

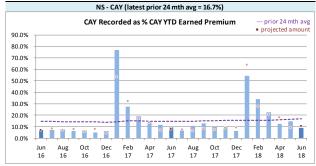






Apr 17





We track beginning prior accident years' IBNR as **recorded** activity "comes out of" IBNR. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning IBNR (see left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **recorded** activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

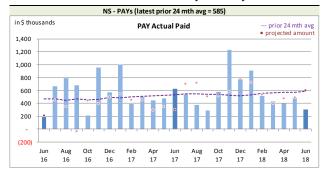
### 2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

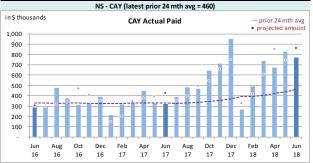
The charts at the top of the next page show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



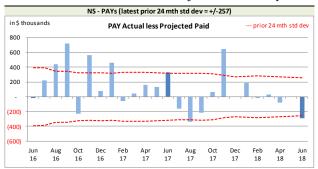
Nova Scotia RSP Actual Paid by activity Calendar Month

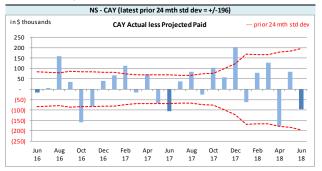




**Paid** activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts immediately below, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: **Paid** Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$	On Latest \$ thousands				
Paid	PAYs	CAY			
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	585	460			
std dev	257	196			
A-P <> std dev	8	8			
% <> std dev	32.0%	32.0%			
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%			

With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look "unusual" and generate relatively "significant" variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant.

32% of months with prior accident years (PAYs) **paid** variances were in excess of a prior 24-month standard deviation (see left chart above), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting based on the previous 24-month average. No bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

The PAY **paid** variance was outside of one standard deviation. The activity was reviewed and confirmed, with the variance attributed to process variance and a poor projection.

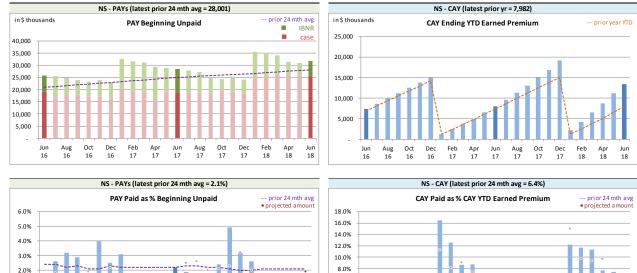
The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances (see right chart above), do not appear to indicate bias. At 32% of projections outside of one standard deviation, the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting based on the previous 24-month average. No bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing paid activity. Both case and IBNR increases contribute to the increase of PAYs



beginning unpaid. This is somewhat expected, given the maturity level of the RSP.

Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence<sup>7</sup> Paid activity by Calendar Month



We track beginning prior accident years' unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity "comes out of" the unpaid balance. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning unpaid balance (see upper left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

6.0%

4.0%

0.0%

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

### 2.2 Actuarial Provisions

1.0%

0.0%

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" (described in section 3) was used to determine the month's IBNR<sup>8</sup>, and factors were applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the current month's provisions and projections were based on the applicable valuation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



The table immediately below summarizes variances in provisions included in the June 2018 Operational Report and the associated one-month projections from last month's Report.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Pr	rojected Summary:	IBNR and APV Amounts	(\$ thousands)

Table 02			actuarial present value adjustments					
	IDND		Discount Amount		Provisions for Adverse Deviations		IBNR + actuarial present	
	IBNR						value adjustments	
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	815	(208)	(424)	(4)	1,516	15	1,907	(197)
2016	1,464	(1,039)	(311)	(3)	896	10	2,049	(1,032)
2017	3,536	(529)	(549)	(4)	1,295	10	4,282	(523)
2018	4,602	154	(508)	(2)	1,062	3	5,156	155
TOTAL	10,417	(1,622)	(1,792)	(13)	4,769	38	13,394	(1,597)

The IBNR provision is \$1.6 million lower than projected from last month, counterbalancing the recorded claims activity and adjusting for the earned premium variance impacts indicated in section 2.1. The lower than projected PAY **IBNR** variance was driven by adjustments made to the recorded projection in anticipation of a member correction in recorded case reserve overstatement this month, which as we understand it, did not go through as expected (see detailed discussion in section 2.1.b).

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

The variances associated with (ii) above are discussed in sections 2.1.a and 2.1.b.

The table at the top of the next page summarizes the variances in the provisions for premium deficiency liability / (deferred policy acquisition cost asset) included in the June 2018 Operational Report and the one-month projections from last month's Report. This RSP is in a deferred policy acquisition cost asset position (shown as a negative value) prior to actuarial present value adjustments and in a premium deficiency position (shown as a positive value) after actuarial present value adjustments. Actuarial present value adjustments increase the liability value as the adjustments increase the expected future policy obligations (costs) associated with the unearned premium. The variances noted are mainly driven by the unearned premium variance.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 03		Premium Deficiency / (Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs)		actuarial present value adjustments		Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) including actuarial present value adjustments	
		Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
		, tetaai	Projected	rictaai	Projected	/ (ctaal	Projected
	balance:	(531)	13	746	(18)	215	(5)
	balance as % unearned premium:	(3.8%)	-	5.3%	-	1.5%	-

actual unearned premium: 14,105 less projected: (363)

### 3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate loss<sup>9</sup> ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

### 4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The table at the top of the next page summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses<sup>10</sup>, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes not only the earned premium associated with the current accident year, but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 94.6% rather than 94.2% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2018), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Nova Scotia RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Nova Scotia RSP Calenda	r Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed	Claims Expense Summary (\$ thousands)
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Table 04	YTD Nominal Values		YTD Nominal Values  YTD actuarial present value adjustment		YTD Total		Change from Prior Month YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	(958)	(7.2%)	(131)	(1.0%)	(1,089)	(8.1%)	(33)	1.4%
CAY	12,676	94.6%	554	4.1%	13,230	98.8%	2,264	(0.1%)
TOTAL	11,718	87.5%	423	3.2%	12,141	90.7%	2,231	1.3%

("% EP" based on 2018 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages.

### 5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios detailed in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).

### 6 EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT A IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

EXHIBIT B IBNR

EXHIBIT C Premium Liabilities

EXHIBIT D Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

EXHIBIT E Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

EXHIBIT F Interest Rate Sensitivity

EXHIBIT G Components of IBNR Change During Month



### **EXHIBIT A**

# IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A	Amounts in \$000s							
IBNR + M/S actuarial present	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected		
value adjustments	Year	May. 2018	Jun. 2018	Jul. 2018	Aug. 2018	Dec. 2018		
	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		
	2008	2	2	2	2	1		
	2009	10	10	10	10	8		
	2010	3	3	2	2	2		
	2011	67	67	65	64	59		
	2012	688	674	664	658	415		
discount rate	2013	46	(5)	(10)	(10)	82		
1.92%	2014	289	317	305	295	250		
	2015	932	840	792	775	686		
interest rate margin	2016	2,080	2,049	1,949	1,889	1,576		
25 basis pts	2017	4,591	4,282	4,089	3,948	3,370		
	2018	4,099	5,156	6,090	6,816	8,489		
	TOTAL	12,806	13,394	13,957	14,448	14,937		
	Change		588	563	491			

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



# **EXHIBIT B**

# **IBNR**

TABLE EXHIBIT B		Amounts in \$000s								
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected			
	Loss Ratio	Year	May. 2018	Jun. 2018	Jul. 2018	Aug. 2018	Dec. 2018			
	53.9%	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)			
	68.3%	2008	2	2	2	2	1			
	63.8%	2009	5	5	5	5	3			
	74.0%	2010	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)			
	89.5%	2011	4	4	4	4	2			
	107.3%	2012	536	522	517	512	276			
	89.0%	2013	(176)	(222)	(220)	(218)	(117)			
	84.9%	2014	41	70	60	53	42			
	80.8%	2015	526	436	397	385	318			
	89.4%	2016	1,490	1,464	1,376	1,321	1,053			
	91.0%	2017	3,835	3,536	3,359	3,225	2,682			
	94.2%	2018	3,632	4,602	5,440	6,070	7,396			
		TOTAL	9,893	10,417	10,938	11,357	11,654			
		Change		524	521	419				

Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month



# EXHIBIT C

# Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C	Amounts in \$000s							
	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected			
Premium Liabilities	May. 2018	Jun. 2018	Jul. 2018	Aug. 2018	Dec. 2018			
(1) unearned premium (UP)	13,732	14,105	14,699	15,314	15,853			
FOR MEMBER SHARING								
(2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	101.4%	101.5%	101.6%	101.8%	102.4%			
(3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)}	13,928	14,320	14,939	15,584	16,230			
(4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy								
acquisition cost)	196	215	240	270	377			
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments								
(5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	96.1%	96.2%	96.3%	96.5%	97.1%			
(6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)}	13,203	13,574	14,162	14,774	15,385			
(7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy								
acquisition cost)	(529)	(531)	(537)	(540)	(468)			



# EXHIBIT D

# Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2018, broken down by component.

Nova Scotia				Projec	ted Balances a	s at Dec. 31, 201	.8 (\$000s)			
ending 2018		nominal values			actua	arial present val	ue adjustments	(apvs)		
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL
2007	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
2009	63	3	66	(2)	-	7	-	7	5	71
2010	51	(1)	50	(2)	-	5	-	5	3	53
2011	853	2	855	(29)	3	86	(3)	83	57	912
2012	1,911	276	2,187	(83)	11	219	(8)	211	139	2,326
2013	2,783	(117)	2,666	(69)	8	267	(7)	260	199	2,865
2014	2,035	42	2,077	(52)	8	258	(6)	252	208	2,285
2015	3,965	318	4,283	(146)	17	514	(17)	497	368	4,651
2016	5,581	1,053	6,634	(279)	33	803	(34)	769	523	7,157
2017	7,057	2,682	9,739	(506)	68	1,188	(62)	1,126	688	10,427
PAYs (sub-total):	24,300	4,258	28,558	(1,168)	148	3,347	(137)	3,210	2,190	30,748
CAY (2018)	10,169	7,396	17,565	(1,001)	123	2,090	(119)	1,971	1,093	18,658
claims liabilities:	34,469	11,654	46,123	(2,169)	271	5,437	(256)	5,181	3,283	49,406
	Unearned Premium	Premium Defiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*
premium liabilities:	15,853	(468)	15,385	(740)	91	1,571	(77)	1,494	845	16,230
						*	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	vs apply to future	costs within UPR
policy liabilities:			61,508	(2,909)	362	7,008	(333)	6,675	4,128	65,636



### **EXHIBIT E**

# Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2018 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Mar. 31, 2018)

Accident Year	Third Party Liability	Accident Benefits	Other Coverages	Total
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2014	12.5%	10.0%	6.4%	12.4%
2015	12.4%	10.0%	6.3%	12.0%
2016	12.4%	10.0%	6.5%	12.1%
2017	12.5%	10.0%	6.8%	12.2%
2018	12.4%	10.0%	5.7%	11.9%
2019	12.0%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%
prem liab	12.0%	10.0%	5.1%	10.4%

discount rate: 1.92% margin (basis points): 25



### **EXHIBIT F**

### **Interest Rate Sensitivity**

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2018 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are also to Dec. 31, 2018, but are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (1.92%), the prior valuation assumption (1.73%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (1.73%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Format: \$000s

	Actuarial Present Value of Provisions at Various Discount Rates - Dec. 31, 2018 projected Unpaid							
AY	0.92%	1.42%	1.92%	2.42%	2.92%	3.42%	1.73%	1.73%
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008								-
2009	46	45	45	44	44	44	45	45
2010	36	35	35	35	35	34	35	35
2011	776	769	762	756	749	743	765	765
2012	1,542	1,527	1,512	1,497	1,483	1,469	1,518	1,518
2013	1,822	1,810	1,797	1,786	1,774	1,762	1,802	1,802
2014	2,099	2,085	2,072	2,059	2,046	2,034	2,077	2,077
2015	4,425	4,385	4,346	4,307	4,270	4,233	4,361	4,361
2016	7,821	7,735	7,649	7,565	7,483	7,404	7,681	7,681
2017	10,590	10,444	10,302	10,165	10,028	9,897	10,356	10,356
2018	20,142	19,837	19,541	19,253	18,973	18,701	19,654	19,654
Total	49,299	48,672	48,061	47,467	46,885	46,321	48,294	48,294
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption				assumption	assumption
			Dollarima	act Polativo t	o Valuation As	sumntion		
AY	0.92%	1.42%	1.92%	2.42%	2.92%	3.42%	1.73%	1.73%
Total	1,238	611	-	(594)	(1,176)	(1,740)	233	233
	curr - 100 bp		curr val		curr + 100bp		prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption		p			assumption
						ļ		· · ·
			Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption	,	
AY	0.92%	1.42%	1.92%	2.42%	2.92%	3.42%	1.73%	1.73%
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008			-					
2009	2.2%	-	-	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	(2.2%)	-	-
2010	2.9%		-			(2.9%)		
2011	1.8%	0.9%	-	(0.8%)	(1.7%)	(2.5%)	0.4%	0.4%
2012	2.0%	1.0%	-	(1.0%)	(1.9%)	(2.8%)	0.4%	0.4%
2013	1.4%	0.7%	-	(0.6%)	(1.3%)	(1.9%)	0.3%	0.3%
2014	1.3%	0.6%		(0.6%)	(1.3%)	(1.8%)	0.2%	0.2%
2015	1.8%	0.9%	-	(0.9%)	(1.7%)	(2.6%)	0.3%	0.3%
2016	2.2%	1.1%	-	(1.1%)	(2.2%)	(3.2%)	0.4%	0.4%
2017	2.8%	1.4%	-	(1.3%)	(2.7%)	(3.9%)	0.5%	0.5%
2018	3.1%	1.5%	-	(1.5%)	(2.9%)	(4.3%)	0.6%	0.6%
Total	2.6%	1.3%	-	(1.2%)	(2.4%)	(3.6%)	0.5%	0.5%
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption				assumption	assumption



# EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2

# Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change During Month

RSP	Nova Scotia	T,
AccountCode Desc	IBNR - Discou	.T d

M/S IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
2009	10	-	-	-	-	-	10
2010	3	(1)	1	-	-	-	3
2011	67	(1)	1	-	-	-	67
2012	688	(6)	(8)	-	(14)	(2.0%)	674
2013	46	123	(174)	-	(51)	(110.9%)	(5)
2014	289	(7)	35	-	28	9.7%	317
2015	932	(40)	(52)	-	(92)	(9.9%)	840
2016	2,080	1,001	(1,032)	-	(31)	(1.5%)	2,049
2017	4,591	214	(523)	-	(309)	(6.7%)	4,282
2018	4,099	902	155	-	1,057	25.8%	5,156
<b>Grand Total</b>	12,806	2,185	(1,597)	-	588	4.6%	13,394



### **EXHIBIT G**

Page 2 of 2

# Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia AccountCode Desc BNR - Undisc Inted

IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
2009	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
2010	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	536	(5)	(9)	-	(14)	(2.6%)	522
2013	(176)	125	(171)	-	(46)	26.1%	(222)
2014	41	(1)	30	-	29	70.7%	70
2015	526	(32)	(58)	-	(90)	(17.1%)	436
2016	1,490	1,013	(1,039)	-	(26)	(1.7%)	1,464
2017	3,835	230	(529)	-	(299)	(7.8%)	3,536
2018	3,632	816	154	-	970	26.7%	4,602
<b>Grand Total</b>	9,893	2,146	(1,622)	-	524	5.3%	10,417