

Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool November 2018 Operational Report ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Related Bulletin: F18-099 Nova Scotia RSP November 2018 Operational Report

For your convenience, bookmarks have been added to this document. To view them, please click on the BOOKMARK tab at the left.

Should you require any further information, please call Shawn Doherty, Senior Vice President Actuarial & CFO at (416) 644-4968.



ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RSP Nova Scotia

OPERATIONAL REPORT NOVEMBER 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Sum	ımarv.		2
			tion Schedule (Fiscal Year 2018)	
	1.2	Appo	inted Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model	2
	1.3		deration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation	
	1.4		nt Provision Summary	
2	Acti	vity Dı	ring the Month of November 2018	4
		•	ded Premium and Claims Activity	
			Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium	6
	2.2	Actua	rial Provisions	10
3	Ulti	mate L	oss Ratio Matching Method	12
4	Cale	endar Y	Year-to-Date Results	12
5	Cur	rent O	perational Report – Additional Exhibits	12
6	EXI	HIRITS		13



1 Summary

1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2018)

The November 2018 Operational Report leverages actuarial assumptions consistent with last month (that is, it does not reflect the results of an updated valuation). The table immediately below summarizes the implemented valuations and future scheduled valuations for fiscal year 2018.

	Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool Fiscal Year 2018 – Schedule of Valuations								
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Operational Report	Description of Changes						
Sep. 30, 2017 (completed)	1.73% mfad: 25 bp	Oct. 2017	updated valuation (roll forward): accident year 2017 loss ratio <u>in</u> creased 1.1 points to 93.2%; discount rate <u>in</u> creased by 56 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Dec. 31, 2017 (completed)	1.73% mfad: 25 bp	Mar. 2018	update valuation: accident year 2018 loss ratio increased 1.2 points to 93.6%; no change to selected discount rate; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Mar. 31, 2018 (completed)	1.92% mfad: 25 bp	May 2018	update valuation (roll forward): accident year 2018 loss ratio <u>in</u> creased 0.6 points to 94.2%; discount rate <u>in</u> creased by 19 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Jun. 30, 2018 (completed)	1.86% mfad 25 bp	Aug. 2018	updated valuation: accident year 2018 loss ratio <u>de</u> creased 0.6 points to 93.6%; discount rate <u>de</u> creased by 0.6 basis points; selected margins for adverse deviations were updated						
Sep. 30, 2018 (completed)	2.28% mfad 25 bp	Oct. 2018	updated valuation (roll forward): accident year 2018 loss ratio <u>de</u> creased 0.7 points to 92.9%; discount rate <u>in</u> creased by 42 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2018, the "off-half" valuation quarters ending March 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather "roll-forward" key assumptions from the previous valuation.

1.2 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

Liam McFarlane of Ernst & Young LLP is Facility Association's Appointed Actuary (effective as of June 1, 2013).

Facility Association operates under a "hybrid" model in relation to the management and provision of actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as



needed.

1.3 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation

There have been no changes in these descriptions since last month's Highlights.

Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent changes are provided below.

The **Supreme Court of Canada** rendered its judgment on **Saadati v Moorhead** (2017 SCC 28, rendered on Jun 2, 2017). Saadati was involved in a collision in July of 2005 in British Columbia and sued the at-fault driver for damages. According to the Supreme Court decision, "The trial judge found that the ... accident caused S[aadati] psychological injuries, including personality change and cognitive difficulties. ...and awarded S[aadati] \$100,000 for non-pecuniary damages." The trial decision was appealed to the BC Court of Appeal where the trial's \$100,000 non-pecuniary award was dismissed. The Supreme Court upheld the \$100,000 non-pecuniary award, determining:

- "A finding of legally compensable mental injury need not rest, in whole or in part, on the claimant proving a recognized psychiatric injury."
- "...a trier of fact adjudicating a claim of mental injury is not concerned with diagnosis, but with symptoms and their effects."
- "Expert evidence can assist in determining whether or not a mental injury has been shown, but where psychiatric diagnosis is unavailable, it remains open to a trier of fact to find on other evidence adduced by the claimant that he or she has proven on a balance of probabilities the occurrence of mental injury."

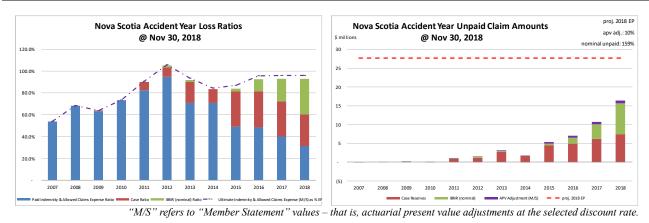
At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates or views based on the judgment as rendered, and at this point we do not believe this judgment will have a further impact on our valuation results.

1.4 Current Provision Summary

The charts at the top of the next page show the current levels of claim liabilities¹ booked by accident year. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount of 2018 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.

¹Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.





The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$2.7 million – see table immediately below) represents 10% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2018 (see the upper right corner of the right chart above). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

claim liabilities (\$000s)								
	amt	%						
case	29,413	62.9%						
ibnr	14,661	31.3%						
M/S apv adjust.	2,709	5.8%						
M/S total	46,783	100.0%						

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the largest component of the claim liabilities for this pool is case reserves. Approximately 83% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2017 and 2018 (see Exhibit B). Approximately 88% of the M/S

total claim liabilities are related to accident years 2014-2018 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years).

The tables immediately below summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities (\$0	000s)		policy liabilities (\$000s)				
	amt	%		amt	%		
unearned prem	16,201	97.9%	claim	44,074	69.6%		
prem def/(dpac)	(392)	(2.4%)	premium	15,809	25.0%		
M/S apv adjust.	740	4.5%	M/S apv adjust.	3,449	5.4%		
M/S total	16,549	100.0%	M/S total	63,332	100.0%		

2 Activity During the Month of November 2018

2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The table at the top of the next page summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report².

²There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.



11074 Scotta 1151 Hetata 75 1 Tojectea Stantinary. 1cecoraca 1 tansaction Himotanis (\$\psi\$ thousands)									
Table 01	Earned Premium		Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense		Case increase / (decrease)		Recorded increase / (decrease)		
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected		Projected	
Prior	-	-	182	(178)	(191)	161	(9)	(17)	
2016	-	-	325	119	(499)	(367)	(174)	(248)	
2017	(0)	(0)	426	5	(445)	(258)	(19)	(253)	
2018	2,388	16	759	(198)	617	(237)	1,376	(435)	
ΤΩΤΔΙ	2 388	16	1 692	(252)	(518)	(701)	1 174	(953)	

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Transaction Amounts (\$ thousands)

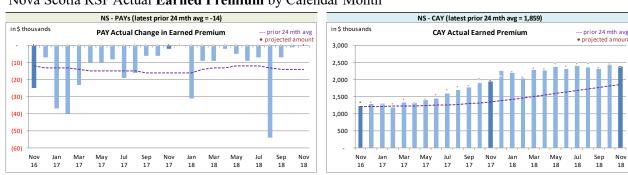
(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation), and this is particularly true where volumes are low as found in this RSP. Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. Commentary from our review is provided in the sub-sections that follow.

2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The charts immediately below show actual **earned premium**³ activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual Earned Premium by Calendar Month



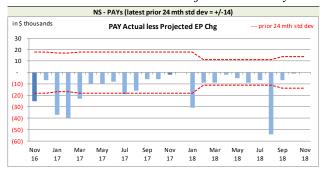
Earned premium changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels seem to occur in January each year. The heightened prior accident years' activity in August 2018 was investigated and FA management was advised by the member that the variance was related to ineligible risks being removed from the RSP.

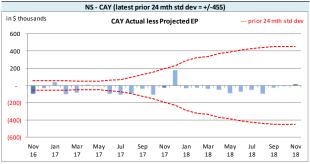
The associated variance between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the charts at the top of the next page. Earned premium change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept earned premium changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being significant for our purposes, but it does mean that the actual less projection variance will equal the actual earned premium change in relation to prior accident years.

³Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs. Projected Summary: Earned Premium Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands						
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY				
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(14)	1,859				
std dev	14	455				
A-P <> std dev	7	5				
% <> std dev	28.0%	20.0%				
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%				

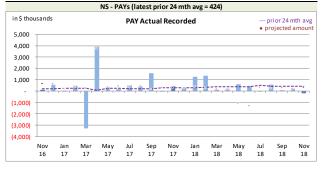
We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias⁴, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to

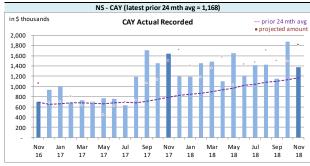
monthly premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has also shown bias⁵, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and we have modified our projections processes in response. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to narrow monthly variance levels further, but it is not currently deemed a priority. Projection variances have also been exacerbated by written premium variances, where our projections, based on information provided by larger RSP users, have been proven to be too high. Notwithstanding the projection misses, readers will also note the significant widening of the CAY standard deviation band, reflecting the recent and sustained volume increases and the impact as those increases are earned.

2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The charts immediately below show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.







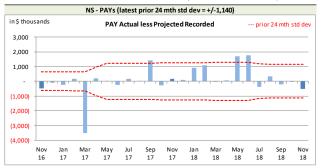
⁴The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

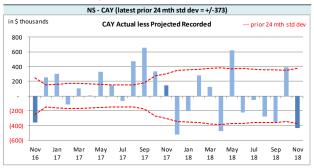
⁵We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (24 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The 24-month variances at November 2018 has only 4 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 7 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.



Recorded activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts immediately below, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands							
Recorded	PAYs	CAY					
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	424	1,168					
std dev	1,140	373					
A-P <> std dev	4	12					
% <> std dev	16.0%	48.0%					
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%					

With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look "unusual" and generate relatively "significant" variances that in nominal value terms are not that

significant. That said, 16% of prior accident years' (PAYs) **recorded** variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **recorded** amounts (see table above), suggesting the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

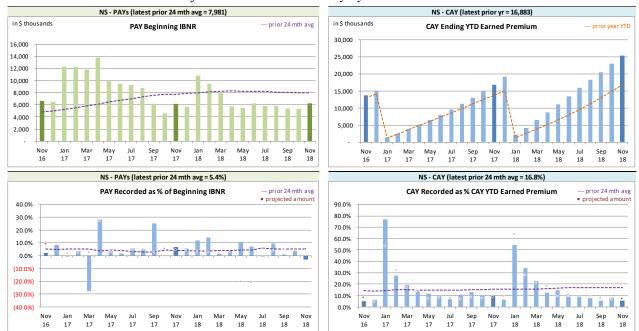
The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 48% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see table above), suggesting that the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. We are considering ways to improve our projection process as a result. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

The CAY **recorded** variance was outside of one standard deviation. The activity was reviewed and confirmed, with the variance attributed to process variance.

The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the increase in the level of PAYs beginning IBNR. Part of this will be as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November), and part will also reflect the maturity level of the RSP.





Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁶ **Recorded** activity by Calendar Month

We track beginning prior accident years' IBNR as **recorded** activity "comes out of" IBNR. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning IBNR (see left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

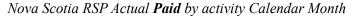
- to offset actual **recorded** activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

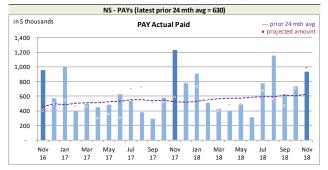
2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

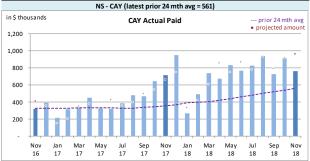
The charts at the top of the next page show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁶Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



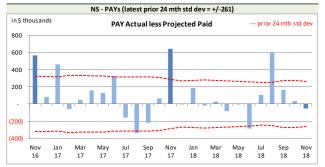


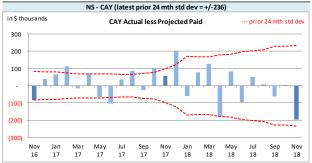




Paid activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the charts immediately below, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: **Paid** Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands						
Paid	PAYs	CAY				
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	630	561				
std dev	261	236				
A-P <> std dev	7	6				
% <> std dev	28.0%	24.0%				
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%				

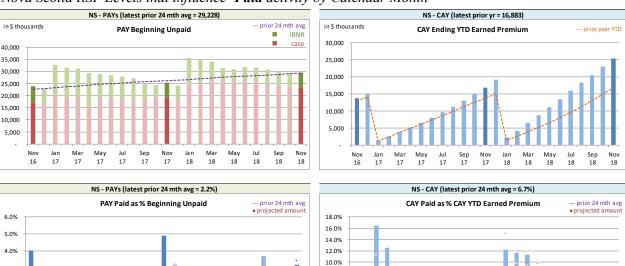
With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look "unusual" and generate relatively "significant" variances that in nominal value terms are not that

significant. That said, 28% of the prior accident years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **paid** amounts (see table on left above), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 24% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see table above), suggesting that the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. No bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a lagging 24-month basis.

We have included, for reference, additional charts at the top of the next page related to levels influencing **paid** activity. Both case and IBNR increases contribute to the increase of PAYs beginning unpaid. This is somewhat expected, given the maturity level of the RSP.





Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁷ **Paid** activity by Calendar Month

We track beginning prior accident years' unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity "comes out of" the unpaid balance. Changes in the prior accident years' beginning unpaid balance (see upper left chart above) occur for several possible reasons:

8.0% 6.0% 4.0% 2.0%

0.0%

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a current accident year becomes a prior accident year (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of prior accident years' ultimate (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.2 Actuarial Provisions

0.0%

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" (described in section 3) was used to determine the month's IBNR⁸, and factors were applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the current month's provisions and projections were based on the applicable valuation. The table at the top of the next page summarizes variances in provisions included in this month's Operational Report and the associated one-month projections from last month's Report.

⁷Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

⁸For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



Table 02			actuarial present value adjustments					
	IDNID		Discount Amount		Provisions for Adverse Deviations		IBNR + actuarial present	
	IBNR						value adjustments	
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	d Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected		Projected
Prior	840	19	(430)	(7)	1,282	20	1,692	32
2016	1,656	248	(333)	6	796	(14)	2,119	240
2017	3,925	253	(626)	-	1,227	-	4,526	253
2018	8,240	450	(1,063)	(15)	1,856	24	9,033	459
TOTAL	14,661	970	(2,452)	(16)	5,161	30	17,370	984

The IBNR provision is \$1.0 million higher than projected from last month, counterbalancing the recorded claims activity and adjusting for the earned premium variance impacts indicated in section 2.1.

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

The variances associated with (ii) above are discussed in sections 2.1.a and 2.1.b.

The table below summarizes the variances in the provisions for premium deficiency liability / (deferred policy acquisition cost asset) included this month's Operational Report and the one-month projections from last month's Report. This RSP is in a deferred policy acquisition cost asset position (shown as a negative value) prior to actuarial present value adjustments and in a premium deficiency position (shown as a positive value) after actuarial present value adjustments. Actuarial present value adjustments increase the liability value as the adjustments increase the expected future policy obligations (costs) associated with the unearned premium. The variances noted are mainly driven by the unearned premium variance.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) Amounts (\$\struct{\$}\structure{\$}\st

Table 03	Premium D (Deferre Acquisitio	d Policy	cy actuarial present valu		Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) including actuarial present value adjustments	
	Actual	Actual less Projected	Actual	Actual less Projected	Actual	Actual less Projected
balance:	(392)	(21)	740	1	348	(20)
balance as % unearned premium:	(2.4%)	(0.1%)	4.6%	(0.1%)	2.1%	(0.2%)

actual unearned premium: 16,201 less projected: 34



3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate loss⁹ ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The table below summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses¹⁰, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes not only the earned premium associated with the current accident year, but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 93.4% rather than 92.9% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2018), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Nova Scotia RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

Nova Scotia RSP Calendar Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense Summary (\$\frac{1}{2}\$ thousands)

Table 04	YTD Nomina	al Values	YTD actuarial present value adjustment		YTD Total		Change from Prior Month YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	197	0.8%	(638)	(2.5%)	(441)	(1.7%)	(58)	-
CAY	23,551	93.4%	793	3.1%	24,344	96.5%	2,292	(0.1%)
TOTAL	23,748	94.2%	155	0.6%	23,903	94.8%	2,233	(0.1%)

("% EP" based on 2018 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages.

5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's

⁹"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

¹⁰Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios detailed in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).

6 EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT A IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

EXHIBIT B IBNR

EXHIBIT C Premium Liabilities

EXHIBIT D Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

EXHIBIT E Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

EXHIBIT F Interest Rate Sensitivity

EXHIBIT G Components of IBNR Change During Month



EXHIBIT A

IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A	Amounts in \$000s								
IBNR + M/S actuarial present value adjustments	Accident Year	Actual Oct. 2018	Actual Nov. 2018	Projected Dec. 2018	Projected Jan. 2019	Projected Dec. 2019			
	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)			
	2008	2	2	2	2	2			
	2009	9	9	9	12	11			
	2010	-	-	-	-	-			
	2011	57	57	56	61	51			
	2012	336	300	297	297	252			
discount rate	2013	430	444	440	393	336			
2.28%	2014	74	98	90	88	74			
	2015	788	783	768	813	548			
interest rate margin	2016	1,967	2,119	1,956	1,993	1,317			
25 basis pts	2017	4,532	4,526	4,390	4,293	2,770			
	2018	8,117	9,033	9,799	9,417	6,121			
	2019	-	-	-	1,066	12,055			
	TOTAL	16,311	17,370	17,806	18,434	23,536			
	Change		1,059	436	628				

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT B

IBNR

TABLE EXHIBIT B		Amounts in \$000s							
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected		
	Loss Ratio	Year	Oct. 2018	Nov. 2018	Dec. 2018	Jan. 2019	Dec. 2019		
	53.9%	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)		
	68.3%	2008	2	2	2	2	2		
	63.8%	2009	5	5	5	5	5		
	73.4%	2010	-	-	-	-	-		
	90.2%	2011	1	1	1	1	1		
	105.2%	2012	256	220	218	216	184		
	91.9%	2013	221	236	234	232	198		
	83.4%	2014	(54)	(20)	(17)	(17)	(16)		
	84.0%	2015	399	397	393	373	218		
	92.5%	2016	1,482	1,656	1,507	1,492	882		
	93.0%	2017	3,906	3,925	3,807	3,617	2,206		
	92.9%	2018	7,398	8,240	8,936	8,489	5,416		
	96.5%	2019	-	-	-	957	10,971		
		TOTAL	13,615	14,661	15,085	15,366	20,066		
		Change		1,046	424	281			

Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT C

Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C					
Premium Liabilities	Actual Oct. 2018	Actual Nov. 2018	Projected Dec. 2018	Projected Jan. 2019	Projected
Premium Liabilities	OCI. 2018	NOV. 2018	Dec. 2018	Jan. 2019	Dec. 2019
(1) unearned premium (UP)	16,277	16,201	15,916	15,489	17,634
FOR MEMBER SHARING					
(2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	101.7%	102.1%	102.8%	102.7%	105.8%
(3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)}(4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy	16,550	16,549	16,368	15,907	18,662
acquisition cost)	273	348	452	418	1,028
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments					
(5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	97.1%	97.6%	98.3%	98.1%	101.1%
(6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)}(7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy	15,811	15,809	15,638	15,194	17,828
acquisition cost)	(466)	(392)	(278)	(295)	194



EXHIBIT D

Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2018, broken down by component.

Nova Scotia		Projected Balances as at Dec. 31, 2018 (\$000s)										
ending 2018	ı	nominal values	i		actua	arial present val	ue adjustments	(apvs)				
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL		
2007	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)		
2008	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		
2009	67	5	72	(3)	-	7	-	7	4	76		
2010	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4		
2011	922	1	923	(38)	5	92	(4)	88	55	978		
2012	1,151	218	1,369	(59)	7	137	(6)	131	79	1,448		
2013	2,617	234	2,851	(77)	6	285	(8)	277	206	3,057		
2014	1,511	(17)	1,494	(42)	4	149	(4)	145	107	1,601		
2015	4,356	393	4,749	(199)	19	579	(24)	555	375	5,124		
2016	4,833	1,507	6,340	(323)	32	780	(40)	740	449	6,789		
2017	5,987	3,807	9,794	(607)	69	1,195	(74)	1,121	583	10,377		
PAYs (sub-total):	21,448	6,149	27,597	(1,348)	142	3,224	(160)	3,064	1,858	29,455		
CAY (2018)	8,029	8,936	16,965	(1,154)	119	2,036	(138)	1,898	863	17,828		
claims liabilities:	29,477	15,085	44,562	(2,502)	261	5,260	(298)	4,962	2,721	47,283		
	Unearned Premium	Premium Defiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*		
premium liabilities:	15,916	(278)	15,638	(829)	92	1,551	(84)	1,467	730	16,368		
						*	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	vs apply to future	costs within UPR		
policy liabilities:			60,200	(3,331)	353	6,811	(382)	6,429	3,451	63,651		



EXHIBIT E

Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2018 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Sep. 30, 2018)

Accident	Third Party	Accident	Other	Total
Year	Liability	Benefits	Coverages	Total
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2014	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2015	12.5%	10.0%	12.3%	12.2%
2016	12.5%	10.0%	12.5%	12.3%
2017	12.5%	10.0%	9.7%	12.2%
2018	12.4%	10.0%	5.8%	12.0%
2019	11.9%	10.0%	5.1%	10.1%
prem liab	11.9%	10.0%	5.1%	10.1%

discount rate: 2.28% margin (basis points): 25



EXHIBIT F

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2018 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are also to Dec. 31, 2018, but are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (2.28%), the prior valuation assumption (1.86%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (1.73%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Format: \$000s

	Actuarial Present Value of Provisions at Various Discount Rates - Dec. 31, 2018 projected Unpaid									
AY	1.28%	1.78%	2.28%	2.78%	3.28%	3.78%	1.86%	1.73%		
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2008										
2009	63	63	62	62	61	61	63	63		
2010	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
2011	908	900	892	884	877	869	899	901		
2012	1,834	1,817	1,800	1,783	1,767	1,751	1,814	1,818		
2013	2,374	2,360	2,346	2,332	2,318	2,305	2,357	2,361		
2014	1,808	1,797	1,786	1,775	1,764	1,753	1,795	1,798		
2015	5,062	5,015	4,968	4,922	4,877	4,834	5,007	5,019		
2016	7,189	7,108	7,027	6,949	6,873	6,798	7,095	7,116		
2017	10,705	10,557	10,413	10,273	10,137	10,003	10,534	10,572		
2018	18,241	17,964	17,694	17,430	17,176	16,927	17,921	17,992		
Total	48,188	47,585	46,992	46,414	45,854	45,305	47,489	47,644		
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end		
			assumption				assumption	assumption		
	1									
					o Valuation As	•		3		
AY	1.28%	1.78%	2.28%	2.78%	3.28%	3.78%	1.86%	1.73%		
Total	1,196	593	-	(578)	(1,138)	(1,687)	497	652		
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end		
			assumption				assumption	assumption		
			Percentage I	mnact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption				
AY	1.28%	1.78%	2.28%	2.78%	3.28%	3.78%	1.86%	1.73%		
2007	1.20/0	1.7070	2.2070	2.7070	3.2070	3.7670	1.00/0	1.7370		
2007	_	_		_	_	_				
2009	1.6%	1.6%			(1.6%)	(1.6%)	1.6%	1.6%		
2010	-	-	_	_	(1.0/0)	(1.0/0)	-	-		
2011	1.8%	0.9%		(0.9%)	(1.7%)	(2.6%)	0.8%	1.0%		
2012	1.9%	0.9%	-	(0.9%)	(1.8%)	(2.7%)	0.8%	1.0%		
2013	1.2%	0.6%		(0.6%)	(1.2%)	(1.7%)	0.5%	0.6%		
2014	1.2%	0.6%	-	(0.6%)	(1.2%)	(1.8%)	0.5%	0.7%		
2015	1.9%	0.9%		(0.9%)	(1.8%)	(2.7%)	0.8%	1.0%		
2016	2.3%	1.2%	-	(1.1%)	(2.2%)	(3.3%)	1.0%	1.3%		
2017	2.8%	1.4%	-	(1.3%)	(2.7%)	(3.9%)	1.2%	1.5%		
2018	3.1%	1.5%	-	(1.5%)	(2.9%)	(4.3%)	1.3%	1.7%		
Total	2.5%	1.3%	-	(1.2%)	(2.4%)	(3.6%)	1.1%	1.4%		
	curr - 100 bp		curr val	curr + 50bp		curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end		
	- 1-		assumption				1	assumption		
)			,	,		



EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2

Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change During Month

RSP	Nova Scotia	T,
AccountCode Desc	IBNR - Discou	T d

M/S IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
2009	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	57	(2)	2	-	-	-	57
2012	336	(6)	(30)	-	(36)	(10.7%)	300
2013	430	(8)	22	-	14	3.3%	444
2014	74	(2)	26	-	24	32.4%	98
2015	788	(17)	12	-	(5)	(0.6%)	783
2016	1,967	(88)	240	-	152	7.7%	2,119
2017	4,532	(259)	253	-	(6)	(0.1%)	4,526
2018	8,117	457	459	-	916	11.3%	9,033
Grand Total	16,311	75	984	-	1,059	6.5%	17,370



EXHIBIT G

Page 2 of 2

Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia AccountCode Desc BNR - Undisc Inted

IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						ı
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
2009	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
2012	256	(3)	(33)	-	(36)	(14.1%)	220
2013	221	(2)	17	-	15	6.8%	236
2014	(54)	1	33	-	34	(63.0%)	(20)
2015	399	(4)	2	-	(2)	(0.5%)	397
2016	1,482	(74)	248	-	174	11.7%	1,656
2017	3,906	(234)	253	-	19	0.5%	3,925
2018	7,398	392	450	-	842	11.4%	8,240
Grand Total	13,615	76	970	-	1,046	7.7%	14,661