

Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool November 2020 Operational Report ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Related Bulletin: F2020-097 Nova Scotia RSP November 2020 Operational Report

For your convenience, bookmarks have been added to this document. To view them, please click on the BOOKMARK tab at the left.

Should you require any further information, please call Aidan Chen, AVP Data & Analytics at (416) 863-1750 x 4804.



ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RSP Nova Scotia

OPERATIONAL REPORT NOVEMBER 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Sum	ımarv		2
			tion Schedule (Fiscal Year 2021)	
	1.2	Appoi	nted Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model	2
	1.3		deration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation	
	1.4		nt Provision Summary	
2	Acti	vitv Dı	ring the Month of November 2020	4
_	2.1		ded Premium and Claims Activity	
		2.1.a	Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium	5
		2.1.b	AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense	
		2.1.c	AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense	8
	2.2	Actua	rial Provisions	10
3	Ulti	mate L	oss Ratio Matching Method	12
4	Cale	endar Y	/ear-to-Date Results	12
5	Cur	rent O	perational Report – Additional Exhibits	13
6	EXI	HIBITS		14



1 Summary

Key Points

(a) The loss ratios currently being used include a review and assessment of the incurred impacts associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2021)

The November 2020 Operational Report leverages actuarial assumptions consistent with last month (that is, it does not reflect the results of an updated valuation). The following table summarizes the valuation implementations scheduled for fiscal year 2021.

	Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool Fiscal Year 2021 – Schedule of Valuations								
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Operational Report	Description of Changes						
Sep 30, 2020 (completed)	0.19% mfad 25 bp	Oct. 2020	update valuation (roll-forward): accident year 2020 loss ratio <u>in</u> creased 0.2 points to 87.7%; discount rate <u>de</u> creased 4 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations						
Dec. 31, 2020	% mfad bp	Mar. 2021	update valuation:						
Mar. 31, 2021	% mfad bp	May 2021	update valuation (roll-forward):						
Jun. 30, 2021	% mfad bp	Aug. 2021	update valuation:						
Sep. 30, 2021	% mfad bp	Oct. 2021	update valuation (roll-forward):						

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2021, the off-half valuation quarters ending March 31, 2021 and September 30, 2021 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather roll-forward key assumptions from the previous valuation.

1.2 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

Mr. Cosimo Pantaleo of Ernst & Young LLP (EY) was appointed as Actuary by the FA Board at its February 18, 2020 meeting.

Facility Association operates under a hybrid model in relation to the management and provision of actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as needed.



1.3 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation¹

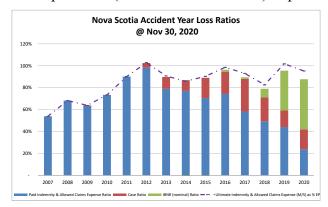
There have been no changes in these descriptions since last month's Highlights.

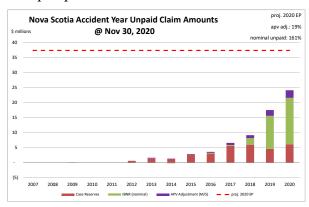
Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent (i.e. within the last five years) changes are provided below.

The Nova Scotia Court of Appeal confirmed, in a unanimous decision released on January 18, 2019 in relation to Sparks v Holland (2019 NSCA 3), that future Canada Pension Plan (CPP) disability benefits are deductible from future income loss awards in motor-vehicle accident claims in that province. Sparks sustained injuries as a result of a motor vehicle accident in Nova Scotia and sought damages for personal injuries and loss of income. The decision supported an earlier decision (Tibbets v Murphy, 2017 NSCA 35) that both past and future CPP disability benefits are deductible under section 133A of the Insurance Act. At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates as a result of this decision, and at this point we do not believe this judgment will have a further impact on our valuation results.

1.4 Current Provision Summary

The following charts show the current levels of claim liabilities² booked by accident year. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount of 2020 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.





"M/S" refers to "Member Statement" values – that is, actuarial present value adjustments at the selected discount rate.

The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$7.0 million – see the following table) represents 19% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2020 (see the upper right corner of the right chart above). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

¹This url to a pdf is to a helpful guide on how bills become laws: https://www.ola.org/sites/default/files/common/how-bills-become-law-en.pdf.

²Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.



claim liabilities (\$000s)							
	amt	%					
case	31,385	46.6%					
ibnr	28,857	42.9%					
M/S apv adjust.	7,048	10.5%					
M/S total	67,290	100.0%					

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the majority of the claim liabilities for this RSP is in case reserves. Approximately 92% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2019 and 2020 (see Exhibit B). Approximately 91% of the M/S total claim

liabilities are related to accident years 2016-2020 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years), and just over 0% is related to accident years 2010 and prior (i.e. prior to the most recent 10 accident years).

The following tables summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities (\$	000s)		policy liabilities (\$000s	s)	
	amt	%		amt	%
unearned prem	26,522	91.8%	claim	60,242	62.6%
prem def/(dpac)	(233)	(0.8%)	premium	26,289	27.3%
M/S apv adjust.	2,605	9.0%	M/S apv adjust.	9,653	10.0%
M/S total	28,894	100.0%	M/S total	96,184	100.0%

2 Activity During the Month of November 2020

2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The following table summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report³.

Table 01	Farnad D	Earned Premium		Paid Indemnity &		Case increase /		Recorded increase /	
	Earneu P	remum	Allowed Cla	ims Expense	(decr	ease)	(decr	ease)	
Accident	A atual	Actual less Actual less		A at a l	Actual less	۸ ا	Actual less		
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	
Prior	(3)	(3)	797	614	(292)	(115)	505	499	
2018	(12)	(12)	100	(49)	501	534	601	485	
2019	(8)	(8)	153	(99)	(244)	(320)	(91)	(419)	
2020	3,655	55	1,090	25	469	(383)	1,559	(358)	
TOTAL	3,633	32	2,140	492	434	(284)	2,574	208	

(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation), and this is particularly true where volumes are low as found in this RSP. Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. Commentary from our review is provided in the sub-sections that follow.

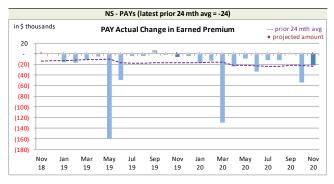
³There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.

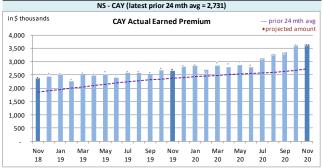


2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The following charts show actual **earned premium**⁴ activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual Earned Premium by Calendar Month





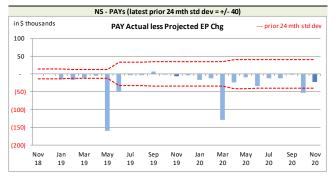
Earned premium changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels generally occur at the beginning of each year.

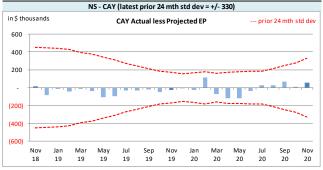
On Latest \$ thousands					
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY			
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(24)	2,731			
std dev	40	330			
A-P <> std dev	6	-			
% <> std dev	24.0%	0.0%			
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%			
performance vs 24-mth avg:	better	better			

The associated variance between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the following charts. **Earned premium** change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept **earned premium** changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being significant for our purposes, but it does mean that

the actual less projection variance will equal the actual **earned premium** change in relation to prior accident years.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs. Projected Summary: Earned Premium Variances by Calendar Month





We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium balances and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has

⁴Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.

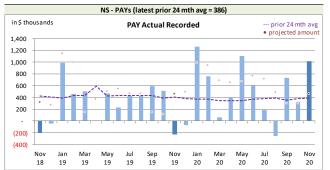


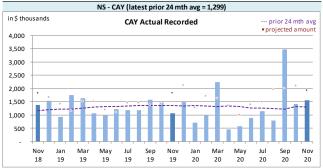
generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias⁵, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to monthly premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has also shown bias⁶, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and while we modified our projections processes in response, bias still exists. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to address the bias issue, but it is not currently deemed as priority.

2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The following charts show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual Recorded by Calendar Month





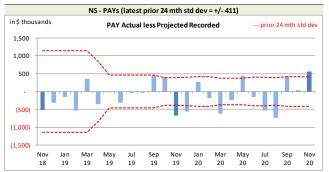
Recorded activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

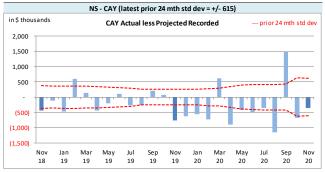
⁵The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

⁶We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (25 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The rolling 25-month CAY variances at November 2020 has only 7 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 8 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands							
Recorded	PAYs	CAY					
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	386	1,299					
std dev	411	615					
A-P <> std dev	9	16					
% <> std dev	36.0%	64.0%					
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%					
performance vs 24-mth avg:	no better	worse					

With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in relative or overall terms. That said, 36% of prior accident

years' (PAYs) **recorded** variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **recorded** amounts (see the preceding table), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (8 of 25 variances are positive).

The PAY **recorded** variance was outside the one standard deviation band this month (see preceding chart on the right) the higher projected recorded activity was reviewed, and attributed to process variance.

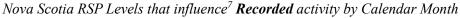
The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 64% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see preceding table on the left), suggesting that the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. We are considering ways to improve our projection process as a result, but efforts so far have fallen short. Bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (7 of 25 variances are positive). Through 2020, our CAY recorded projections have been generally higher than actual activity; 2020 has been a challenging year to project loss estimates, particularly with changes in RSP volumes and portfolio mix driven by Member transfer activity. We are working with our Appointed Actuary to adjust and refine our 2020 and 2021 accident year estimates to reflect the impact of COVID-19 and Member transfer activity.

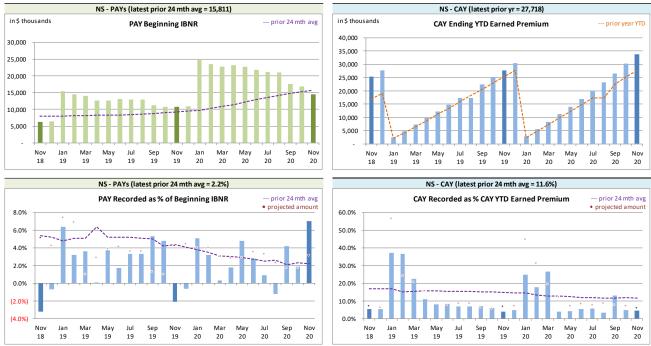
The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the increase in the level of PAY beginning IBNR. Part of this will be as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is



implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November), and part will also reflect the maturity level of the RSP.





We track PAY beginning IBNR as **recorded** activity comes out of IBNR. Changes in the PAY beginning IBNR (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual recorded activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

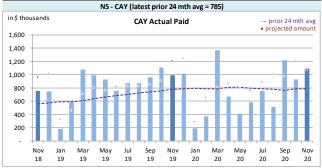
The following charts show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁷Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



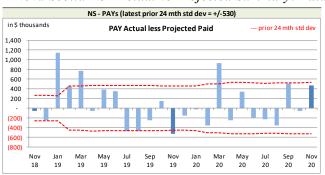
Nova Scotia RSP Actual Paid by activity Calendar Month

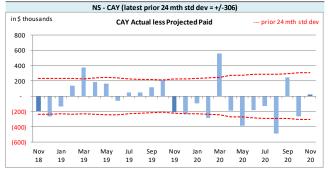




Paid activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Paid Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands							
Paid	PAYs	CAY					
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	878	785					
std dev	530	306					
A-P <> std dev	6	8					
% <> std dev	24.0%	32.0%					
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%					
performance vs 24-mth avg:	better	no better					

With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in relative or overall terms. That said, 24% of the prior accident

years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **paid** amounts (see preceding table on the left), suggesting the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (10 of 25 variances are positive).

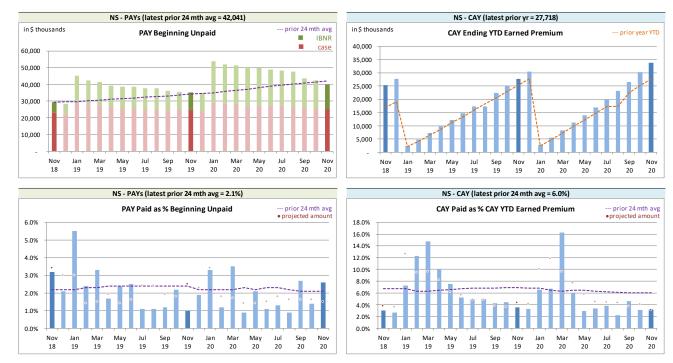
The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 32% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see the preceding table), suggesting that the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (11 of 25 variances are positive).

We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **paid** activity. Both case and IBNR increases contribute to the increase of PAY beginning unpaid. This is somewhat



expected, given the maturity level of the RSP.

Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁸ Paid activity by Calendar Month



We track the PAY beginning unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity comes out of the unpaid balance. Changes in the PAY beginning unpaid balance (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.2 Actuarial Provisions

An ultimate loss ratio matching method (described in section 3) was used to determine the month's IBNR⁹, and factors were applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the current

⁸Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

⁹For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



month's provisions and projections were based on the applicable valuation.

The following table summarizes variances in provisions included in this month's Operational Report and the associated one-month projections from last month's Report.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: IBNR and APV Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 02			actuarial present value adjustments					
	IDNID		Discount Amount		Provisions for Adverse Deviations		IBNR + actuarial present	
	IBNR						value adjustments	
Accident	A atual	Actual less	A atural	Actual less	A stual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	222	(502)	(51)	2	1,655	(78)	1,826	(578)
2018	2,163	(494)	(41)	-	1,041	5	3,163	(489)
2019	11,010	412	(78)	-	1,988	12	12,920	424
2020	15,462	406	(130)	(1)	2,664	4	17,996	409
TOTAL	28,857	(178)	(300)	1	7,348	(57)	35,905	(234)

The IBNR provision is \$0.2 million lower than projected from last month, counterbalancing the recorded claims activity and adjusting for the earned premium variance impacts indicated in section 2.1.

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

The variances associated with (ii) above are discussed in sections 2.1.a and 2.1.b.

The following table summarizes the variances in the provisions for premium deficiency liability / (deferred policy acquisition cost asset) included this month's Operational Report and the one-month projections from last month's Report. This RSP is in a deferred policy acquisition cost asset position (shown as a negative amount) prior to actuarial present value adjustments while in a premium deficiency position (shown as a positive amount) after the actuarial present value adjustments. Actuarial present value adjustments increase the liability value as the adjustments increase the expected future policy obligations (costs) associated with the unearned premium. The variances noted are mainly driven by the unearned premium variance.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 03	Premium D (Deferre Acquisiti	d Policy	actuarial present value adjustments		Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) including actuarial present value adjustments	
	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
balance:	(233)	0	2,605	33	2,372	33
balance as % unearned premium:	(0.9%)	-	9.8%	-	8.9%	-

actual unearned premium: 26,522 less projected: 343

3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate loss¹⁰ ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The following table summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses¹¹, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes not only the earned premium associated with the current accident year, but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 88.6% rather than 87.7% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2020), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Nova Scotia RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

¹⁰"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

¹¹Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Nova Scotia RSP Calendar Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense Summary (\$\\$ thousands)

Table 04	YTD Nomina	l Values	YTD actuarial pr adjustn		YTD To	tal	Change from P YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	(5,161)	(15.4%)	17	0.1%	(5,144)	(15.3%)	(147)	1.4%
CAY	29,685	88.6%	2,534	7.6%	32,219	96.1%	3,454	(0.1%)
TOTAL	24,524	73.2%	2,551	7.6%	27,075	80.8%	3,307	1.3%

("% EP" based on 2020 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages.

5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios detailed in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).



6 EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT A IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

EXHIBIT B IBNR

EXHIBIT C Premium Liabilities

EXHIBIT D Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

EXHIBIT E Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

EXHIBIT F Interest Rate Sensitivity

EXHIBIT G Components of IBNR Change During Month



EXHIBIT A IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A						
IBNR + M/S actuarial present	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
value adjustments	Year	Oct. 2020	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2020	Jan. 2021	Dec. 2021
	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
	2008	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)
	2009	12	12	12	12	11
	2010	4	4	4	4	4
	2011	4	4	4	4	4
	2012	58	56	56	54	47
	2013	139	136	134	130	112
	2014	86	(134)	(128)	(129)	(98)
discount rate	2015	219	186	186	179	162
0.19%	2016	540	601	572	560	466
	2017	1,372	965	932	910	689
interest rate margin	2018	3,786	3,163	3,058	2,957	2,184
25 basis pts	2019	12,855	12,920	12,570	12,106	8,794
	2020	16,101	17,996	19,533	18,741	14,022
	2021	-	-	-	2,108	25,321
	TOTAL	35,172	35,905	36,929	37,632	51,714
	Change		733	1,024	703	

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT B

IBNR

TABLE EXHIBIT B]	Amounts in \$000s						
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected	
	Loss Ratio	Year	Oct. 2020	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2020	Jan. 2021	Dec. 2021	
	53.9%	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
	68.2%	2008	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	
	63.8%	2009	5	5	5	5	5	
	73.4%	2010	4	4	4	4	4	
	90.1%	2011	4	4	4	4	4	
	102.4%	2012	-	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
	89.6%	2013	(9)	(12)	(12)	(12)	(11)	
	85.0%	2014	(18)	(238)	(231)	(229)	(184)	
	88.6%	2015	(35)	(66)	(64)	(63)	(48)	
	96.4%	2016	206	274	266	263	209	
	89.3%	2017	577	256	248	238	173	
	79.0%	2018	2,773	2,163	2,087	2,004	1,370	
	95.5%	2019	10,926	11,010	10,680	10,253	7,268	
	87.7%	2020	13,816	15,462	16,729	16,060	11,830	
	99.4%	2021	-	-	-	1,706	20,929	
		TOTAL	28,245	28,857	29,711	30,228	41,544	
		Change		612	854	517		

 ${\it Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month}$



EXHIBIT C

Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C		Amount	ts in \$000s		
Premium Liabilities	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
	Oct. 2020	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2020	Jan. 2021	Dec. 2021
(1) unearned premium (UP)	25,792	26,522	26,065	25,979	34,722
FOR MEMBER SHARING (2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)} (3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)} (4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy acquisition cost)	107.3%	108.9%	110.7%	110.8%	114.6%
	27,681	28,894	28,860	28,784	39,799
	1,889	2,372	2,795	2,805	5,077
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments (5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)} (6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)} (7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy acquisition cost)	97.6%	99.1%	100.7%	100.8%	104.3%
	25,185	26,289	26,256	26,188	36,208
	(607)	(233)	191	209	1,486



EXHIBIT D

Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2020, broken down by component.

Nova Scotia	Projected Balances as at Dec. 31, 2020 (\$000s)									
ending 2020		nominal values	3		actua	arial present val	ue adjustments	(apvs)		
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL
2007	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	-	(3)	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	67	5	72	-	-	7	-	7	7	79
2010	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	568	(1)	567	(2)	2	57	-	57	57	624
2013	1,475	(12)	1,463	(4)	4	146	-	146	146	1,609
2014	1,262	(231)	1,031	(3)	3	103	-	103	103	1,134
2015	2,572	(64)	2,508	(8)	8	251	(1)	250	250	2,758
2016	2,807	266	3,073	(9)	9	307	(1)	306	306	3,379
2017	5,432	248	5,680	(23)	23	687	(3)	684	684	6,364
2018	5,852	2,087	7,939	(40)	40	976	(5)	971	971	8,910
2019	4,770	10,680	15,450	(77)	77	1,900	(10)	1,890	1,890	17,340
PAYs (sub-total):	24,805	12,982	37,787	(166)	166	4,434	(20)	4,414	4,414	42,201
CAY (2020)	7,175	16,729	23,904	(143)	143	2,821	(17)	2,804	2,804	26,708
claims liabilities:	31,980	29,711	61,691	(309)	309	7,255	(37)	7,218	7,218	68,909
	Unearned Premium	Premium Deficiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*
premium liabilities:	26,065	191	26,256	(130)	130	2,617	(13)	2,604	2,604	28,860
						*	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	vs apply to future	costs within UPR
policy liabilities:			87,947	(439)	439	9,872	(50)	9,822	9,822	97,769



EXHIBIT E

Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2020 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Sep. 30, 2020)

			-	
Accident	Third Party	Accident	Other	Total
Year	Liability	Benefits	Coverages	
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2014	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2015	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2016	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2017	12.5%	10.0%	5.6%	12.1%
2018	12.5%	10.0%	9.7%	12.3%
2019	12.5%	10.0%	10.7%	12.3%
2020	12.4%	10.0%	5.3%	11.8%
2021	12.0%	10.0%	5.1%	10.1%
prem liab	12.0%	10.0%	5.1%	10.1%

discount rate: 0.19% margin (basis points): 25



EXHIBIT F

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2020 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are to Dec. 31, 2020, and are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (0.19%), the prior valuation assumption (0.23%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (1.46%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Forn	nat: \$0	000s
---------	----------	------

	A ctuar							
	Actual	Actuarial Present Value of Provisions at Various Discount Rates - Dec. 31, 2020 projected Unpaid						
AY	0.00%	0.00%	0.19%	0.69%	1.19%	1.69%	0.23%	1.46%
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008				-				
2009	69	69	69	68	68	68	69	68
2010			-					<u> </u>
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2012	549	549	549	545	541	536	549	538
2013	1,492	1,492	1,491	1,480	1,467	1,455	1,491	1,460
2014	970	970	969	962	955	947	969	951
2015	2,559	2,559	2,558	2,541	2,522	2,503	2,558	2,512
2016	3,431	3,431	3,430	3,403	3,375	3,346	3,429	3,359
2017	6,797	6,797	6,794	6,733	6,666	6,601	6,794	6,630
2018	8,867	8,867	8,862	8,768	8,665	8,564	8,862	8,610
2019	16,972	16,972	16,963	16,750	16,518	16,292	16,961	16,396
2020	25,179	25,179	25,163	24,809	24,425	24,052	25,161	24,221
Total	66,885	66,885	66,848	66,059	65,202	64,364	66,843	64,745
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
			assumption				assumption	assumption
			Dollar Imr	oact Relative t	o Valuation As	sumntion		
AY	0.00%	0.00%	0.19%	0.69%	1.19%	1.69%	0.23%	1.46%
Total								
ıUldi	37	37	-	(789)	(1,646)	(2,484)	(5)	(2,103)
iUlai	curr - 100 bp	37 curr - 50 bp	curr val	(789) curr + 50bp		(2,484) curr + 150bp	(5) prior val	
TULAI			curr val assumption	curr + 50bp			prior val	prior fyr end
iUldi			assumption	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp Assumption	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption
AY			assumption	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end
AY 2007	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp Assumption	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption
AY 2007 2008	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69% - -	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19%	Assumption 1.69%	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption 1.46% - -
AY 2007 2008 2009	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp Assumption	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption 1.46% - -
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69% - -	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19%	Assumption 1.69%	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption 1.46% - -
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19%	Assumption 1.69%	prior val assumption	prior fyr end assumption 1.46%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%)	Assumption 1.69% - (1.4%) - (2.4%)	prior val assumption	1.46% (1.4% (2.0%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	0.00%	0.00% 	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.4%)	prior val assumption	1.46% (1.4% (2.0% (2.1%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	0.00% 0.1% 0.1%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%)	prior val assumption	1.46% (1.4%) (2.0%) (2.1%)
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69% (1.4%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.7%)	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.4%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.2%)	prior val assumption 0.23%	1.46% 1.46% 1.46% 1.46% 1.49% 1.49% 1.48%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.4%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.6%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.2%) (2.2%)	prior val assumption	1.46%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	0.00% 0.01% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	(0.7%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (0.9%)	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.4%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.9%)	Curr + 150bp Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.4%) (2.8%)	prior val assumption 0.23%	1.46%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	0.00% 0.01% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1%	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.9%) (2.2%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.2%) (2.4%) (2.8%) (3.4%)	0.23%	1.46% (1.4% (2.0% (2.1% (1.8% (2.1% (2.4% (2.4% (2.8%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.00%	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.9%) (2.2%) (2.6%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.8%) (3.4%) (4.0%)	0.23%	1.46%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1%	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.69% (1.4%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.8%) (1.1%) (1.1%) (1.3%) (1.4%)	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (1.9%) (2.2%) (2.6%) (2.9%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.8%) (3.4%) (4.0%) (4.4%)	0.23%	1.46%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0	0.00%	assumption Percentage I 0.19%	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69%	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (2.2%) (2.6%) (2.9%) (2.5%)	Curr + 150bp Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.3%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.8%) (3.4%) (4.0%) (4.4%) (3.7%)	0.23%	1.46% 1.46% 1.46% 1.46% 1.46% 1.48%
AY 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1%	assumption Percentage I	curr + 50bp mpact Relativ 0.69% (1.4%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.7%) (0.9%) (1.1%) (1.3%) (1.4%) (1.2%) curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp e to Valuation 1.19% (1.4%) (1.5%) (1.6%) (1.4%) (1.6%) (2.2%) (2.6%) (2.9%) (2.5%)	Assumption 1.69% (1.4%) (2.4%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.8%) (3.4%) (4.0%) (4.4%)	0.23%	1.46% (1.4%) (2.0%) (2.1%) (2.1%) (2.14%) (2.4%) (2.4%) (2.8%) (3.3%) (3.7%)



EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2 Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Discounted M/S IBNR - in \$000s

	Values	ı					
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	58	(1)	(1)	-	(2)	(3.4%)	56
2013	139	(1)	(2)	-	(3)	(2.2%)	136
2014	86	-	(220)	-	(220)	(255.8%)	(134)
2015	219	(2)	(31)	-	(33)	(15.1%)	186
2016	540	(8)	69	-	61	11.3%	601
2017	1,372	(14)	(393)	-	(407)	(29.7%)	965
2018	3,786	(134)	(489)	-	(623)	(16.5%)	3,163
2019	12,855	(359)	424	-	65	0.5%	12,920
2020	16,101	1,486	409	-	1,895	11.8%	17,996
Grand Total	35,172	967	(234)	-	733	2.1%	35,905



EXHIBIT G

Page 2 of 2

Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Undiscounted IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
2009	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	100.0%	(1)
2013	(9)	-	(3)	-	(3)	33.3%	(12)
2014	(18)	1	(221)	-	(220)	1,222.2%	(238)
2015	(35)	1	(32)	-	(31)	88.6%	(66)
2016	206	(2)	70	-	68	33.0%	274
2017	577	(6)	(315)	-	(321)	(55.6%)	256
2018	2,773	(116)	(494)	-	(610)	(22.0%)	2,163
2019	10,926	(328)	412	-	84	0.8%	11,010
2020	13,816	1,240	406	-	1,646	11.9%	15,462
Grand Total	28,245	790	(178)	-	612	2.2%	28,857