

NOVA SCOTIA RISK SHARING POOL SEPTEMBER 2020 OPERATIONAL REPORT ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Related Bulletin: F2020-079 Nova Scotia RSP September 2020 Operational Report

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ACTUARIAL HIGHLIGHTS

RSP Nova Scotia

OPERATIONAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 2020

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1 Summary

Key Points

(a) The loss ratios currently being used include a review and assessment of the incurred impacts associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

1.1 Valuation Schedule (Fiscal Year 2020)

The September 2020 Operational Report leverages actuarial assumptions consistent with last month (that is, it does not reflect the results of an updated valuation). The following table summarizes the valuation implementations scheduled for fiscal year 2020.

	Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool Fiscal Year 2020 – Schedule of Valuations							
Valuation Date	Discount Rate (per annum)	Operational Report	Description of Changes					
Sep. 30, 2019 (completed)	1.46% mfad 25 bp	Oct. 2019	updated valuation (roll forward): accident year 2019 loss ratio <u>increased 1.0 points to 97.8%;</u> discount rate <u>increased 5 basis points;</u> no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Dec. 31, 2019 (completed)	1.64% mfad 25 bp	Mar. 2020	update valuation: 2019 loss ratio <u>increased 2.7</u> points to 100.5%; accident year 2020 loss ratio <u>increased 4.5</u> points to 103.1%; discount rate <u>increased 18</u> basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Mar. 31, 2020 (completed)	0.62% mfad -25 bp	May. 2020	update valuation (partial roll-forward): accident year 2020 loss ratio <u>de</u> creased 3.5 points to 99.6%; discount rate <u>de</u> creased 102 basis points; no change to selected margins for adverse deviations					
Jun. 30, 2020 (completed)	0.23% mfad 25 bp	Aug. 2020	update valuation: accident year 2020 loss ratio decreased 12.1 points to 87.5%; discount rate decreased by 39 basis points; selected margins for adverse deviations were updated					
Sep 30, 2020	% mfad bp	Oct. 2020	update valuation (roll-forward)					

Under the proposed schedule for fiscal year 2020, the off-half valuation quarters ending March 31, 2020 and September 30, 2020 would not reflect a full valuation update of assumptions, but would rather roll-forward key assumptions from the previous valuation.

1.2 Appointed Actuary and Hybrid Actuarial Services Model

Mr. Cosimo Pantaleo of Ernst & Young LLP (EY) was appointed as Actuary by the FA Board at its February 18, 2020 meeting.

Facility Association operates under a hybrid model in relation to the management and provision of



actuarial services. Under this model, actuarial services are performed by both Facility Association's internal staff and its external actuarial consulting firm. The hybrid model approach maximizes the efficiency of resource allocation while providing access to additional expertise and capacity as needed.

1.3 Consideration of Recent Legal Decisions and Changes in Legislation / Regulation¹

There have been no changes in these descriptions since last month's Highlights.

Consideration and assessment of potential impacts of legal decisions and changes in legislation / regulation constitutes a regular part of the valuation process. Descriptions of some of the more recent (i.e. within the last five years) changes are provided below.

The **Nova Scotia Court of Appeal** confirmed, in a unanimous decision released on **January 18, 2019** in relation to **Sparks v Holland** (**2019 NSCA 3**), that future Canada Pension Plan (CPP) disability benefits are deductible from future income loss awards in motor-vehicle accident claims in that province. Sparks sustained injuries as a result of a motor vehicle accident in Nova Scotia and sought damages for personal injuries and loss of income. The decision supported an earlier decision (Tibbets v Murphy, 2017 NSCA 35) that both past and future CPP disability benefits are deductible under section 133A of the Insurance Act. At the current time, no adjustments have been made to our valuation estimates as a result of this decision.

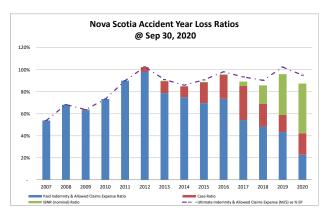
1.4 Current Provision Summary

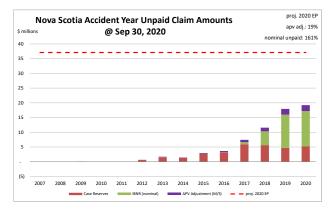
The following charts show the current levels of claim liabilities² booked by accident year. The left chart displays life-to-date payments, case reserves, IBNR, and the total including actuarial present value adjustments against accident year earned premium. The right chart shows the associated dollar amounts for the components of the claim liabilities and the current projected amount of 2020 full year earned premium (the red hash-mark line) to provide some perspective.

¹This url to a pdf is to a helpful guide on how bills become laws: https://www.ola.org/sites/default/files/common/how-bills-become-law-en.pdf.

²Claim liabilities refer to provision for unpaid indemnity and allowed claims expenses. Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this discussion.







"M/S" refers to "Member Statement" values – that is, actuarial present value adjustments at the selected discount rate.

The current actuarial present value adjustments balance (\$7.0 million – see the following table) represents 19% of the earned premium projected for the full year 2020 (see the upper right corner of the right chart above). If our current estimates of the nominal unpaid amounts prove to match actual claims payments, the actuarial present value adjustments will be released into the net operating result over future periods.

	amt	%
case	30,734	46.2%
ibnr	28,845	43.3%
M/S apv adjust.	6,970	10.5%
M/S total	66,549	100.0%

The table to the left breaks down the Member Statement (M/S) claim liabilities total into component parts, showing that the majority of the claim liabilities for this RSP is in case reserves. Approximately 81% of the IBNR balance relates to accident years 2019 and 2020 (see Exhibit B). Approximately 90% of the M/S total claim

liabilities are related to accident years 2016-2020 inclusive (i.e. the most recent 5 accident years), and just over 0% is related to accident years 2010 and prior (i.e. prior to the most recent 10 accident years).

The following tables summarize the premium liabilities and the total policy liabilities.

premium liabilities (\$000s)

·	amt	%
unearned prem	24,109	94.5%
prem def/(dpac)	(938)	(3.7%)
M/S apv adjust.	2,339	9.2%
M/S total	25,510	100.0%

policy liabilities (\$000s)

. ,	•	
_	amt	%
claim	59,579	64.7%
premium	23,171	25.2%
M/S apv adjust.	9,309	10.1%
M/S total	92,059	100.0%

2 Activity During the Month of September 2020

2.1 Recorded Premium and Claims Activity

The following table summarizes the extent to which premiums and claims amounts recorded during the month differ from projections reflected in the prior month's Operational Report³.

³There may be rounding differences in values in this document compared with the associated Bulletin and/or Operational Report.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Transaction Amounts (\$ thousands	Nova Scotia RSF	Actual vs Projected Summary:	Recorded Transaction Amounts	(\$ thousands)
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Table 01	Earned Premium			emnity & ims Expense	Case increase / (decrease)		Recorded increase / (decrease)	
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	-	=	906	735	(680)	(541)	227	195
2018	0	0	192	3	135	175	327	178
2019	(1)	(1)	100	(222)	77	284	177	62
2020	3,353	67	1,216	244	2,266	1,235	3,482	1,478
TOTAL	3,353	66	2,415	760	1,798	1,153	4,213	1,913

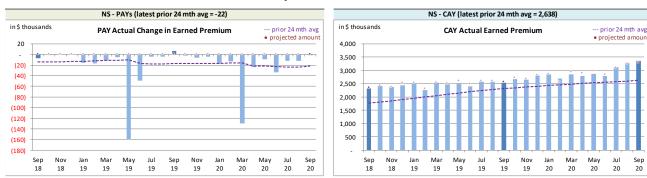
(Recorded transaction amounts exclude IBNR & other actuarial provisions)

Claims transaction activity is generally volatile and changes from one month to the next are anticipated due to this natural "process variance" (i.e. random variation), and this is particularly true where volumes are low as found in this RSP. Each month, the projection variances are reviewed for signs of projection bias and to identify potential ways to reduce the level of the variance. Commentary from our review is provided in the sub-sections that follow.

2.1.a Actual vs. Projected (AvsP): Earned Premium

The following charts show actual **earned premium**⁴ activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual Earned Premium by Calendar Month



Earned premium changes during a given calendar month in relation to prior accident years tend to be at modest levels, although relatively high levels generally occur at the beginning of each year.

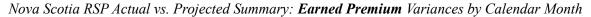
On Latest \$ thousands					
Earned Premium	PAYs	CAY			
Mthly Avg EP Chg (prior 24 mths)	(22)	2,638			
std dev	40	246			
A-P <> std dev	5	-			
% <> std dev	20.0%	0.0%			
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%			
performance vs 24-mth avg:	better	better			

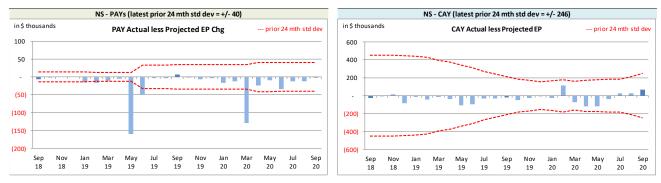
The associated variance between the actual changes and the projections from the previous month are shown in the following charts. **Earned premium** change projections are all attributed to the current accident year as the projection upload does not accept **earned premium** changes for other accident years. We do not see this limitation as being

⁴Premium is earned on a daily basis based on the transaction term measured in days. As a result, months with 31 days earned relatively more than those with 30 days, and February earns the least.



significant for our purposes, but it does mean that the actual less projection variance will equal the actual **earned premium** change in relation to prior accident years.



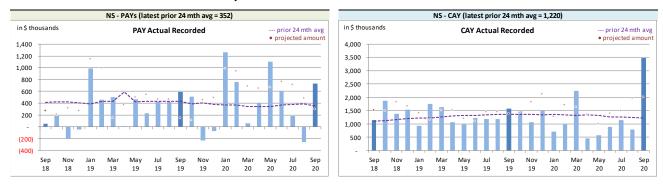


We project **earned premium** changes from known unearned premium balances and projected written premium levels, but upload the total projections as current accident year (CAY). This process has generated prior accident years' (PAYs) bias⁵, with actuals generally lower than projected, although the magnitude is not high relative to monthly premium. In addition to the PAYs' bias, the CAY has also shown bias⁶, with actuals being generally lower than projected, and while we modified our projections processes in response, bias still exists. Over time, we may consider other projection approaches to address the bias issue, but it is not currently deemed as priority.

2.1.b AvsP: Recorded Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The following charts show actual **recorded** activity (**paid** and case reserve changes), in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual **Recorded** by Calendar Month



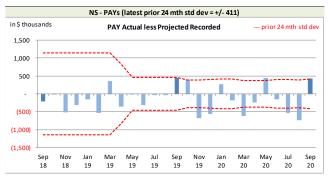
Recorded activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

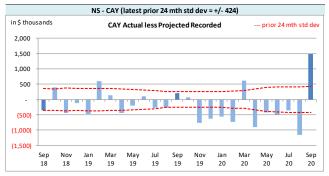
⁵The PAYs' variances will show bias as the projection upload forces all earned premium projections to be attributed to the CAY.

⁶We measure bias based on a 95% confidence range for a binominal distribution with trials based on the range being considered (25 in this case) and 50% probability of success. The rolling 25-month CAY variances at September 2020 has only 5 months where the actuals were higher than projected, and as the 95% confidence range is 8 to 17, bias continues to be indicated.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Recorded Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands				
Recorded	PAYs	CAY		
Mthly Avg Recorded (prior 24 mths)	352	1,220		
std dev	411	424		
A-P <> std dev	8	16		
% <> std dev	32.0%	64.0%		
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%		
performance vs 24-mth avg:	no better	worse		

With respect to **recorded** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in relative or

overall terms. That said, 32% of prior accident years' (PAYs) **recorded** variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **recorded** amounts (see the preceding table), suggesting the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (6 of 25 variances are positive).

The PAY **recorded** variance was outside of the one standard deviation band this month (see preceding chart on the left). The higher than projected recorded activity was reviewed, and attributed to process variance.

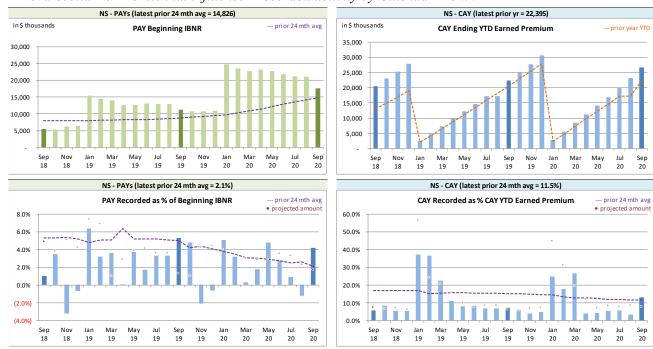
The current accident year (CAY) **recorded** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 64% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see preceding table on the left), suggesting that the projection process has performed worse than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. We are considering ways to improve our projection process as a result, but efforts so far have fallen short. Bias has been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (8 of 25 variances are positive).

The CAY **recorded** variance was outside of the one standard deviation band this month (see preceding chart on the right). The higher than projected recorded activity was reviewed, and attributed to a large reserve increase reported in the month, which has been confirmed by the member company.

The method for establishing IBNR adjusts automatically for changes in **earned premium** and **recorded** claims activity level (see sections 2.2 and 3).

We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **recorded** activity. Note in particular the increase in the level of PAY beginning IBNR. Part of this will be as a response to valuations and showing up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented (i.e. April, June, September, and November), and part will also reflect the maturity level of the RSP.





Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁷ **Recorded** activity by Calendar Month

We track PAY beginning IBNR as **recorded** activity comes out of IBNR. Changes in the PAY beginning IBNR (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **recorded** activity (through loss ratio matching);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning IBNR change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.1.c AvsP: Paid Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense

The following charts show actual **paid** activity in each of the most recent 25 calendar months, along with a "prior 24-month average" to show how each month's actual compares with the average amount of the preceding 24 calendar months.

⁷Our recorded activity projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of recorded activity to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date IBNR to year-to-date selected ultimate (i.e. selected LR x earned premium), deriving year-to-date recorded as selected ultimate less IBNR. In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.



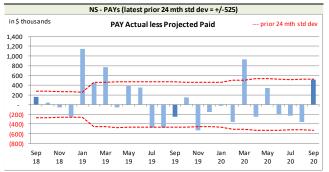
Nova Scotia RSP Actual Paid by activity Calendar Month

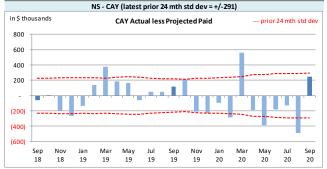




Paid activity variances from the previous month's projections are shown in the following charts, including the "prior 24-month standard deviation" levels to show how the variances from projection compare with historical standard deviations.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Paid Variances by Calendar Month





On Latest \$ thousands					
Paid	PAYs	CAY			
Mthly Avg Paid (prior 24 mths)	861	764			
std dev	525	291			
A-P <> std dev	6	8			
% <> std dev	24.0%	32.0%			
norm <> std dev	31.7%	31.7%			
performance vs 24-mth avg:	better	no better			

With respect to **paid** indemnity & allowed claims expense activity, caution must be exercised in reviewing the variances as this is a small pool and single claim transactions that are normal course for the business may look unusual and generate relatively significant variances that in nominal value terms are not that significant in relative or

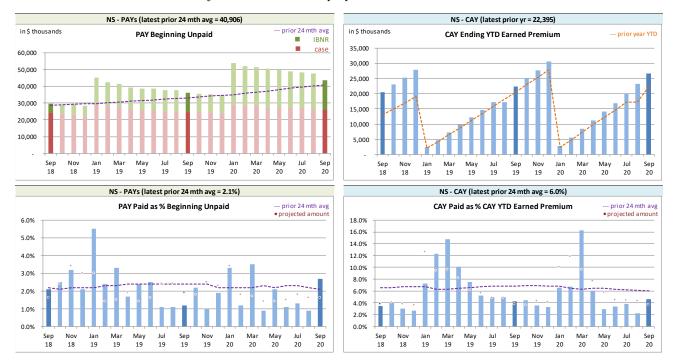
overall terms. That said, 24% of the prior accident years' (PAYs) variances over the last 25 calendar months have fallen outside of one standard deviation of the actual **paid** amounts (see preceding table on the left), suggesting the projection process has performed better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount (assuming it follows a normal distribution). Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (11 of 25 variances are positive).

The current accident year (CAY) **paid** variances fell outside of one standard deviation 32% of the time over the last 25 calendar months (see the preceding table), suggesting that the projection process has performed no better than simply projecting the prior 24-month average amount. Bias has not been indicated at a 95% confidence level on a rolling 25-month basis (11 of 25 variances are positive).

We have included, for reference, the following charts related to levels influencing **paid** activity. Both case and IBNR increases contribute to the increase of PAY beginning unpaid. This is somewhat expected, given the maturity level of the RSP.



Nova Scotia RSP Levels that influence⁸ **Paid** activity by Calendar Month



We track the PAY beginning unpaid balance (case and IBNR) as **paid** activity comes out of the unpaid balance. Changes in the PAY beginning unpaid balance (see upper left of the preceding group of charts) occur for several possible reasons:

- to offset actual **paid** activity (may reduce case or IBNR or both);
- the annual switchover as a CAY becomes a PAY (occurs in January); and
- when a new valuation is implemented, where the valuation resulted in changes to the selection of PAYs' ultimates (will show up as a beginning unpaid balance change one month after the valuation is implemented, i.e. the change will generally show in April, June, September, and November).

2.2 Actuarial Provisions

An ultimate loss ratio matching method (described in section 3) was used to determine the month's IBNR⁹, and factors were applied to the nominal unpaid claims liability (case plus IBNR) to determine the discount amount (shown as a negative value to indicate its impact of reducing the liability) and the Provisions for Adverse Deviations. The loss ratios and the factors used to determine the current month's provisions and projections were based on the applicable valuation.

The following table summarizes variances in provisions included in this month's Operational Report

⁸Our paid projections for the prior accident years are based on selected ratios of paid to beginning unpaid balances, whereas the current accident year projections are based on selected ratios of year-to-date paid to year-to-date selected ultimate indemnity (i.e. selected LR x earned premium). In both cases, the ratio selection is based on our review of the more recent recorded activity and recent AvsP analyses.

⁹For ease of discussion, "IBNR" is used in place of "provisions for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and development".



and the associated one-month projections from last month's Report.

Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: IBNR and APV Amounts (\$ thousands)

Table 02		actuarial present value adjustments						
	IBNR		Discount	Amount	Provisions for Adverse		IBNR + actuarial present	
	IBINK		Discount Amount		Deviations		value adjustments	
Accident	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
Year	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Prior	907	(194)	(67)	3	1,808	(74)	2,648	(265)
2018	4,649	(178)	(51)	1	1,312	(1)	5,910	(178)
2019	11,277	(63)	(96)	(1)	2,050	28	13,231	(36)
2020	12,012	(1,420)	(120)	2	2,134	(24)	14,026	(1,442)
TOTAL	28,845	(1,855)	(334)	5	7,304	(71)	35,815	(1,921)

The IBNR provision is \$1.9 million lower than projected from last month, counterbalancing the recorded claims activity and adjusting for the earned premium variance impacts indicated in section 2.1.

Exhibit G shows the accident year IBNR amount change from last month to this month broken down into:

- (i) the change projected last month;
- (ii) the additional change due to variances in earned premium (because we apply a loss ratio to earned premium in determining ultimate level) and/or recorded claims (as IBNR is calculated as ultimate less recorded) differences; and
- (iii) the additional change due to valuation implementation impacts (as applicable)

The variances associated with (ii) above are discussed in sections 2.1.a and 2.1.b.

The following table summarizes the variances in the provisions for premium deficiency liability / (deferred policy acquisition cost asset) included this month's Operational Report and the one-month projections from last month's Report. This RSP is in a deferred policy acquisition cost asset position (shown as a negative amount) prior to and after actuarial present value adjustments. Actuarial present value adjustments increase the liability value as the adjustments increase the expected future policy obligations (costs) associated with the unearned premium. The variances noted are mainly driven by the unearned premium variance.



Nova Scotia RSP Actual vs Projected Summary: Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) Amounts (\$ thousand	Nova Scotia	RSP Actual v	s Projected Summary	: Premium Deficiency	/ (DPAC) Amounts	(\$ thousands
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	Table 03	Premium D (Deferre Acquisitio	d Policy	actuarial pr adjust	esent value ments	Premium Deficiency / (DPAC) including actuarial present value adjustments	
		Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less	Actual	Actual less
		Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	Projected
Ī	balance:	(938)	(34)	2,339	148	1,401	114
	balance as % unearned premium:	(3.9%)	0.1%	9.7%	-	5.8%	0.1%

actual unearned premium: 24,109 less projected: 1,506

3 Ultimate Loss Ratio Matching Method

An "ultimate loss ratio matching method" continues to be applied to the current month and two projected months shown in the Operational Reports, with IBNR determined by accident year as follows:

- (a) Earned premium to-date
- (b) Ultimate loss¹⁰ ratio per latest valuation
- (c) Estimated ultimate incurred = (a) x (b)
- (d) Recorded indemnity & allowed claims expense to-date
- (e) IBNR = (c) (d)

4 Calendar Year-to-Date Results

The following table summarizes the calendar year-to-date results for indemnity & allowed claims expenses¹¹, including IBNR.

In calculating the amounts as percentages of earned premium, the calendar year-to-date earned premium has been used, which includes not only the earned premium associated with the current accident year, but also earned premium adjustments related to prior accident years. Specifically, the current accident year (CAY) ratio in the table is 88.3% rather than 87.5% (the valuation ultimate ratio for accident year 2020), as the calendar year-to-date earned premium includes prior accident year earned premium adjustments. (Note that the ratios in this table may differ slightly from those shown in the Nova Scotia RSP Summary of Operations due to rounding.)

¹⁰"Loss" here refers to indemnity and allowed claims expenses, but does not include the claims expense allowance included in member company overall expense allowances ("Expense Allowance" in the Operational Report).

¹¹Allowed claims expenses are first party legal and other expenses as listed in the RSP Claims Guide. Claims expenses paid through the member company expense allowance are NOT included in this analysis.



Nova Scotia RSP Calendar Year-to-Date Indemnity & Allowed Claims Expense Summary (\$ thousand	Nova Scotia RSP (Calendar Year-t	o-Date Indemnity	v & Allowed	Claims Expense	Summary	(\$ thousands
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Table 04	YTD Nomina	l Values	YTD actuarial present value adjustment		YTD To	tal	Change from Prior Month YTD	
	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	% EP	Amount	LR pts
PAYs	(3,064)	(11.6%)	459	1.7%	(2,605)	(9.9%)	(126)	0.9%
CAY	23,256	88.3%	2,014	7.6%	25,270	96.0%	3,135	(0.3%)
TOTAL	20,192	76.7%	2,473	9.4%	22,665	86.1%	3,009	0.5%

("% EP" based on 2020 calendar year-to-date earned premium; ratios may not total due to rounding)

In general, prior accident years (PAYs) changes from last month are due to the release of the actuarial present value adjustments with claims payments, except when valuations are implemented. The loss ratio change year-to-date in Table 04 reflects not only changes in the prior accident year levels, but also the increase in the calendar year-to-date earned premium with an additional month's earned premium.

For the current accident year (CAY), changes in the year-to-date total reflects the additional month's exposure and regular changes to actuarial present value adjustments as the year ages.

5 Current Operational Report – Additional Exhibits

Section 6 provides exhibits pertaining to the actuarial provisions reflected in the current month's Operational Report.

IBNR (including actuarial present value adjustments) presented in section 6, Exhibit A, were derived on a discounted basis, and therefore reflect the time value of money and include an explicit provision for adverse deviations in accordance with accepted actuarial practice in Canada.

IBNR presented in section 6, Exhibit B, does NOT include any actuarial present value adjustments. The "Total IBNR" from this exhibit is shown in the Operational Report as "Undiscounted IBNR".

The ultimate loss ratios detailed in section 6, Exhibit B, refer to the estimates derived on the basis of various actuarial methodologies applied to the experience of the Nova Scotia Risk Sharing Pool for the purposes of the most recent quarterly valuation. As discussed in section 3, IBNR reflected in the current month's Operational Report was derived as the difference between the estimated ultimate for the claims amount (i.e. earned premium x ultimate loss ratio) and the associated current recorded amounts (life-to-date payments plus current case reserves).

6 EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed below are provided on the pages that follow:

EXHIBIT A IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

EXHIBIT B IBNR

EXHIBIT C Premium Liabilities

EXHIBIT D Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

EXHIBIT E Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

EXHIBIT F Interest Rate Sensitivity

EXHIBIT G Components of IBNR Change During Month



EXHIBIT A

IBNR for Member Sharing – includes Actuarial Present Value Adjustments

TABLE EXHIBIT A			Amount	s in \$000s		
IBNR + M/S actuarial present value adjustments	Accident Year	Actual Aug. 2020	Actual Sep. 2020	Projected Oct. 2020	Projected Nov. 2020	Projected Dec. 2020
	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
	2008	9	9	9	9	9
	2009	12	12	12	12	12
	2010	4	4	4	4	4
	2011	4	4	4	4	4
	2012	31	29	29	30	30
	2013	228	208	204	200	197
	2014	131	130	128	126	125
discount rate	2015	345	322	316	311	306
0.23%	2016	510	386	377	370	349
	2017	1,691	1,545	1,517	1,501	1,452
interest rate margin	2018	6,260	5,910	5,845	5,633	5,445
25 basis pts	2019	13,422	13,231	12,976	12,614	12,273
	2020	14,373	14,026	15,316	16,762	15,781
	TOTAL	37,019	35,815	36,736	37,575	35,986
	Change		(1,204)	921	839	

Please see Exhibit G, page 1 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT B

IBNR

TABLE EXHIBIT B				Amount	s in \$000s		
10410							
IBNR	Ultimate	Accident	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
	Loss Ratio	Year	Aug. 2020	Sep. 2020	Oct. 2020	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2020
	53.9%	2007	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
	68.3%	2008	8	8	8	8	8
	63.8%	2009	5	5	5	5	5
	73.4%	2010	4	4	4	4	4
	90.1%	2011	4	4	4	4	4
	102.2%	2012	(25)	(26)	(25)	(24)	(23)
	90.0%	2013	73	54	53	51	49
	85.0%	2014	1	1	1	1	1
	88.9%	2015	75	53	52	50	48
	95.9%	2016	99	57	56	55	53
	89.3%	2017	890	748	728	720	698
	85.8%	2018	4,976	4,649	4,603	4,414	4,260
	96.0%	2019	11,455	11,277	11,051	10,719	10,397
	87.5%	2020	12,560	12,012	13,073	14,299	13,064
		TOTAL	30,124	28,845	29,612	30,305	28,567
		Change		(1,279)	767	693	

Please see Exhibit G, page 2 for Components of Change during Current Month



EXHIBIT C

Premium Liabilities

TABLE EXHIBIT C		Amounts in \$000s						
December 11 skillet -	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected			
Premium Liabilities	Aug. 2020	Sep. 2020	Oct. 2020	Nov. 2020	Dec. 2020			
(1) unearned premium (UP)	21,598	24,109	25,108	25,584	25,087			
FOR MEMBER SHARING								
(2) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	104.2%	105.8%	107.4%	109.1%	110.9%			
(3) expected future costs {(1) x (2)}	22,504	25,510	26,970	27,910	27,825			
(4) premium deficiency / (deferred policy								
acquisition cost)	906	1,401	1,862	2,326	2,738			
Excluding Actuarial Present Value Adjustments								
(5) expected future costs ratio {% of (1)}	94.6%	96.1%	97.6%	99.1%	100.7%			
(6) expected future costs {(1) x (5)}	20,441	23,171	24,497	25,350	25,271			
(7) premium deficiency / (deferred policy acquisition cost)	(1,157)	(938)	(611)	(234)	184			



EXHIBIT D

Projected Year-end Policy Liabilities

The table below presents the projected policy liabilities as at December 31, 2020, broken down by component.

Nova Scotia	Projected Balances as at Dec. 31, 2020 (\$000s)									
ending 2020		nominal values	s		actua	arial present val	ue adjustments	(apvs)		
Acc Yr	Case	IBNR	Total Unpaid	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL
2007	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	-	8	8	-	-	1	-	1	1	9
2009	65	5	70	-	-	7	-	7	7	77
2010	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	555	(23)	532	(2)	2	53	-	53	53	585
2013	1,438	49	1,487	(6)	6	149	(1)	148	148	1,635
2014	1,251	1	1,252	(5)	5	125	(1)	124	124	1,376
2015	2,545	48	2,593	(8)	8	259	(1)	258	258	2,851
2016	2,913	53	2,966	(12)	12	297	(1)	296	296	3,262
2017	5,567	698	6,265	(31)	31	758	(4)	754	754	7,019
2018	5,423	4,260	9,683	(48)	48	1,191	(6)	1,185	1,185	10,868
2019	4,941	10,397	15,338	(92)	92	1,887	(11)	1,876	1,876	17,214
PAYs (sub-total):	24,698	15,503	40,201	(204)	204	4,727	(25)	4,702	4,702	44,903
CAY (2020)	10,125	13,064	23,189	(162)	162	2,736	(19)	2,717	2,717	25,906
claims liabilities:	34,823	28,567	63,390	(366)	366	7,463	(44)	7,419	7,419	70,809
	Unearned Premium	Premium Deficiency / (DPAC)	Total Provision	discount	investment PfAD	nominal development PfAD	development PfAD discount	development PfAD	Total apvs	TOTAL*
premium liabilities:	25,087	184	25,271	(150)	150	2,569	(15)	2,554	2,554	27,825
						*	Total may not be s	um of parts, as ap	vs apply to future	costs within UPR
policy liabilities:			88,661	(516)	516	10,032	(59)	9,973	9,973	98,634



EXHIBIT E

Discount Rate & Margins for Adverse Deviations

The tables below present selected margins for adverse development by coverage (the total is a weighted average, based on the unpaid claims projection for December 31, 2020 from the valuation), followed by the selected discount rate and the associated margin for investment income.

Selected Claims Development MfADs (Jun. 30, 2020)

Accident	Third Party	Accident	Other	Tatal
Year	Liability	Benefits	Coverages	Total
	Margins	Margins	Margins	Margins
2007	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2008	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2009	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2010	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2011	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2012	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2013	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2014	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2015	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2016	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
2017	12.5%	10.0%	5.9%	12.1%
2018	12.5%	10.0%	9.9%	12.3%
2019	12.5%	10.0%	9.5%	12.3%
2020	12.4%	10.0%	5.4%	11.8%
2021	12.5%	10.0%	12.5%	12.5%
			_ _	
prem liab	12.0%	10.0%	5.1%	10.3%

discount rate: 0.23% margin (basis points): 25



EXHIBIT F

Interest Rate Sensitivity

The tables below present sensitivity to the member statement claims liability as projected to Dec. 31, 2020 from the latest valuation date (projections in exhibits A to D are to Dec. 31, 2020, and are based on more up-to-date information). We have included the most recent valuation selection (0.23%), the prior valuation assumption (0.62%) and the prior fiscal year end valuation assumption (1.46%) for comparative purposes. A 25 basis point margin for investment return adverse deviation is used in all scenarios presented.

\$ Forn	nat: \$0	000s
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	Actua											
	Actual	ial Present Va	lue of Provision	of Provisions at Various Discount Rates - Dec. 31, 2020 projected Unpaid								
AY	0.00%	0.00%	0.23%	0.73%	1.23%	1.73%	0.62%	1.46%				
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2009	63	63	63	63	63	62	63	62				
2010			-					L				
2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
2012	469	469	469	465	462	458	466	460				
2013	1,486	1,486	1,485	1,473	1,460	1,448	1,476	1,454				
2014	742	742	742	736	731	725	738	728				
2015	2,353	2,353	2,353	2,336	2,318	2,301	2,340	2,310				
2016	4,194	4,194	4,193	4,158	4,123	4,088	4,166	4,107				
2017	6,423	6,423	6,420	6,357	6,294	6,232	6,371	6,265				
2018	10,786	10,786	10,780	10,656	10,529	10,407	10,684	10,473				
2019	16,899	16,899	16,888	16,661	16,432	16,209	16,713	16,329				
2020	23,334	23,334	23,317	22,962	22,607	22,259	23,045	22,446				
Total	66,749	66,749	66,710	65,867	65,019	64,189	66,062	64,634				
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end				
			assumption				assumption	assumption				
	Dollar Impact Relative to Valuation Assumption											
AY	0.00%	0.00%	0.23%	0.73%	1.23%	1.73%	0.62%	1.46%				
Total	39	39	-	(843)	(1,691)	(2,521)	(648)					
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val	curr + 50bp	curr + 100bp	curr + 150bp	prior val	prior fyr end				
_	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	curr val assumption		curr + 100bp			1				
	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption			curr + 150bp		1				
			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	curr + 150bp Assumption	assumption	assumption				
AY	curr - 100 bp	curr - 50 bp	assumption			curr + 150bp		1				
2007			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	curr + 150bp Assumption	assumption	assumption				
2007 2008			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption 1.73%	assumption	assumption 1.46%				
2007 2008 2009			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	curr + 150bp Assumption	assumption	assumption 1.46%				
2007 2008 2009 2010			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ	e to Valuation	Assumption 1.73%	assumption	assumption 1.46%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.73% - - - -	e to Valuation 1.23% - - - - -	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%)	0.62%	1.46%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.73% - - - - (0.9%)	e to Valuation 1.23% (1.5%)	Assumption 1.73% - (1.6%) - (2.3%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013			assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.73% 	1.23%	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73% 0.73% - - (0.9%) (0.8%)	1.23%	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.3%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73%	e to Valuation 1.23% (1.5%) (1.7%) (1.5%) (1.5%)	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.3%) (2.2%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9% (1.8%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73%	1.23%	Assumption 1.73% - (1.6%) - (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.5%)	0.62%	1.46%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	(0.9%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%)	e to Valuation 1.23% (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (2.0%)	Curr + 150bp Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.9%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9% (2.1% (2.4%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	0.00% 	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	mpact Relativ 0.73%	e to Valuation 1.23% (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (2.0%) (2.3%)	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.9%) (3.5%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9% (2.1% (2.4% (2.4% (2.8%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73% (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.3%)	e to Valuation 1.23% (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.5%) (1.7%) (2.0%) (2.3%) (2.7%)	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.9%) (3.5%) (4.0%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9% (2.1% (2.4% (2.8% (3.3%)				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73%	e to Valuation 1.23%	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (4.0%) (4.0%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.6% (2.1% (1.9% (2.1% (2.4% (2.8% (3.3% (3.7%				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	0.00%	0.00% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1% 0.1%	assumption Percentage I 0.23%	0.73% (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.3%) (1.5%)	e to Valuation 1.23%	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (3.5%) (4.0%) (4.5%) (3.8%)	0.62%	1.46% (1.6% (1.9% (2.1% (1.9% (2.18, (2.1% (2.4% (2.8% (3.3% (3.7% (3.1%)				
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	0.00%	0.00%	assumption Percentage I	0.73% (0.9%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (0.8%) (1.0%) (1.2%) (1.3%) (1.5%) curr + 50bp	e to Valuation 1.23%	Assumption 1.73% (1.6%) (2.3%) (2.5%) (2.2%) (2.2%) (2.5%) (2.5%) (3.5%) (4.0%) (4.5%) (3.8%)	0.62%	(1.6%) (1.9%) (2.1%) (1.8%) (2.1%) (2.4%) (2.4%) (2.8%) (3.3%) (3.7%)				



EXHIBIT G

Page 1 of 2 Components of Member Statement IBNR (i.e. "Discounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Discounted M/S IBNR - in \$000s

	Values					ı	
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	9	-	-	-	-	-	9
2009	12	-	-	-	-	-	12
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	31	(1)	(1)	-	(2)	(6.5%)	29
2013	228	(2)	(18)	-	(20)	(8.8%)	208
2014	131	(2)	1	-	(1)	(0.8%)	130
2015	345	(4)	(19)	-	(23)	(6.7%)	322
2016	510	(7)	(117)	-	(124)	(24.3%)	386
2017	1,691	(35)	(111)	-	(146)	(8.6%)	1,545
2018	6,260	(172)	(178)	-	(350)	(5.6%)	5,910
2019	13,422	(155)	(36)	-	(191)	(1.4%)	13,231
2020	14,373	1,095	(1,442)	-	(347)	(2.4%)	14,026
Grand Total	37,019	717	(1,921)	-	(1,204)	(3.3%)	35,815



EXHIBIT G

Page 2 of 2

Components of IBNR (i.e. "Undiscounted") Change During Month

RSP Nova Scotia
AccountCode Desc IBNR - Undiscounted IBNR - in \$000s

	Values						
AccYear	Sum of Prior Month Actual Amount	Sum of Projected Change	Sum of Change Due to AvsP Variances	Sum of Change Due to Valuation Implementation	Sum of Total Change	Sum of % Total Change	Sum of Current Month Final Amount
2007	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
2008	8	-	-	-	-	-	8
2009	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
2010	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2011	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
2012	(25)	-	(1)	-	(1)	4.0%	(26)
2013	73	(1)	(18)	-	(19)	(26.0%)	54
2014	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
2015	75	(1)	(21)	-	(22)	(29.3%)	53
2016	99	(3)	(39)	-	(42)	(42.4%)	57
2017	890	(27)	(115)	-	(142)	(16.0%)	748
2018	4,976	(149)	(178)	-	(327)	(6.6%)	4,649
2019	11,455	(115)	(63)	-	(178)	(1.6%)	11,277
2020	12,560	872	(1,420)	-	(548)	(4.4%)	12,012
Grand Total	30,124	576	(1,855)	-	(1,279)	(4.2%)	28,845